ORTHOPEDY
ARCH SUPPORTS
RUBBER STOCKINGS
HERNIA BELTS
ORTHOPAEDIC BELTS
KURT LABO & SONS
8 Rehov Arlosoroff, Haifa

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 12, 1951

THE JERUSALEM POST

PRICE: 40 PRUTA
VOL. XXVII, No. 7408

TRAVEL • TOURS • AIRFREIGHT
TRAVEX LTD
OUTSTANDING SERVICE
INDIVIDUAL ADVICE
JERUSALEM • TEL AVIV • HAIFA

Column One
By David Courtney

MR. Vyshinsky's sense of humour is peculiar. Many of us lie awake of nights but not from laughing; and the Soviet delegate's singular speech to the General Assembly, and the world, last Thursday, will not dispose us to mirth any more than Mr. Acheson's earlier address. The peoples of the world, to whom Mr. Vyshinsky conspicuously addressed himself, expect East and West to devise enough statesmanship between them to ease the strain of rearmament and lessen the risk of war. They become alarmed and indignant when the problem or any part of it is taken as a joke.

■

THERE are flaws in the Western disarmament proposals and there are flaws in the Soviet's. Fortunately, the General Assembly has decided to discuss both plans, and by that time Mr. Vyshinsky may be getting the sleep he needs for a clear brain and Mr. Warren Austin may see some better purpose in studying the Russian arguments than that it will help "to establish who the aggressor is." The present object of the Assembly is to dispose of the fear of aggression even more than the threat of it; and not to decide whether one side or the other is already an aggressor.

■

THE Soviet insistence upon the immediate prohibition of all atomic weapons is unrealistic for the simple reason that the United States has to all intents and purposes based its whole military programme on its possession of the atomic bomb. The prohibition of the weapon as a first step to disarmament would violently shift the balance of strength from the West back to Russia. But the Russian arguments are not therefore wholly invalid. The Western plan makes no provision whatsoever for the ultimate prohibition of the atom bomb, which Mr. Truman, commenting on the disarmament offer, referred to merely as an aspiration.

■

THE Russian discovery of the atom bomb came relatively late and it is only in the last few months, or even weeks, that there has been evidence of active stockpiling in the Soviet Union. Obviously, there must still be a considerable disparity between the number of bombs held by the United States and the number held by the Soviet. The Russians may well argue that the Western plan is designed to prevent the closing up of that disparity and to ensure that the United States keeps its proportionate lead. The long and short of it would seem to be that exactly the same motive must prevent either of the two power blocs from accepting the other's atomic proposals. That means there must be an entirely new approach to the problem.

■

THE Soviet has returned to its plan of a peace pact. There may be more sense in this idea than is usually supposed. A straightforward agreement on global political issues would at least create a basis from which to proceed to effective disarmament and to the internationalization of atomic energy (as promised, in some distant future, by Mr. Truman) and the destruction of all existing atomic armaments. One recognizes, of course, the difficulty here of distinguishing the cart from the horse, and, therefore of knowing which to put before the other; but it would seem that if the causes of rearmament could be reduced, the chances of disarmament would be improved.

■

RID of the festoons of propaganda, and studied quite coldly, the arguments of both sides can be pared down to the simple and terrifying fact that only a major concession, involving a deliberate military weakening, from East or West, can bring about the desired conditions for a settlement. In other words, the war that everyone says is not inevitable is indeed inevitable if judged exclusively from the angle of power politics. But economics have entered the dispute and may end by becoming the decisive factor. Preparations for the kind of war now contemplated is perhaps luckily, beyond all normal resources. It is beyond Britain's and Continental Europe's. It is probably beyond Russia's. It may be beyond America's.

Tel Aviv, November 12.

Cabinet Group To Study Potash

A Ministerial Committee to negotiate with the Potash Company and to make recommendations for resuming operations at the Dead Sea Works was appointed at the Cabinet's weekly meeting in Jerusalem yesterday. The committee consists of the Ministers of Finance, Commerce and Industry, Communications, Agriculture, and Mr. P. Naphtali, Minister without Portfolio.

A Government spokesman stated that, while the potash question was on the Government's agenda, no decisions had yet been taken. He denied press reports that the Government had already decided to cancel the concession granted to the Company by the Mandatory Government.

Potash Company officials in Jerusalem said yesterday that they did not believe that the Government would withdraw the concession, pointing out the legal aspects and consequences of such a step.

The Ministerial Committee is expected to complete its work soon, it was stated. It was also denied that there had been any interruption in the construction of the Sdom-Beersheba Road, which links the potash plant at the Dead Sea with the rest of the country.

The Nationality Bill, dealt with yesterday, passed its first reading in the First Knesset, and the Cabinet decided to re-submit it to the Second Knesset. It has accepted the amendment, introduced by the Knesset Legal Committee, which considerably advances the date of registration by which citizenship is granted.

Civil Service Bill

The Attorney General reported on the Civil Service Bill, which deals with all aspects of the appointment, terms of service, and release of civil servants.

The spokesman stated that the Government attaches great importance to the Bill, which, if passed, would become one of the country's basic laws. With the approval of the law by the Knesset, the Government will consider that the Civil Service plank in its programme has been fulfilled, he said.

It is expected that discussion on the bill will continue at the Cabinet session next week. It is possible that several weeks will pass before Cabinet discussion is terminated and the Bill is presented to the House, the spokesman declared.

The Emblems Committee, approved by the Government yesterday, consists of the Ministers of Education, Commerce and Industry, Communications and Foreign Affairs. It will deal with and authorize the emblems of state offices and institutions, and approve postage stamp designs.

The Cabinet also approved the appointment of Prof. Eliezer Rieger, of the Hebrew University's Department of Education, as Director General of the Ministry of Education.

The official communique on the Cabinet meeting stated: At its weekly meeting yesterday the Government approved the draft Citizenship Law and began discussion of the Civil Servants' Law.

Prof. Eliezer Rieger was appointed Director General of the Ministry of Education and Culture.

An Emblems Committee was approved.

Mapam, Communists March to Knesset

TEL AVIV, Sunday. — The Mapam and Communist-sponsored "hunger march" is due to take place here tomorrow afternoon. About 500 delegates from all parts of the country are to assemble here near Bet Brenner at 3.30 in the afternoon. After they demonstrate in the main streets, they will go to Jerusalem.

The demonstration, scheduled to begin at 6.30 p.m. outside the Histadrut Building in Jerusalem, has been condemned by the Federation. Speakers at the rally will include Knesset members, Messrs. Y. Hazan and Y. Ben Aharon of Mapam and Mr. Y. Preminger, a former M. K.

The demonstrators are then to march to a point near the Knesset. A 10-member delegation is scheduled to ask it be received by the Praesidium. Permission for the demonstration has been requested from the District Representative's office.

The Histadrut Executive's Central Committee today released the text of the anti-black market resolutions adopted by the Executive last week. The Histadrut, while showing full understanding of the difficulties faced by the Government, asks that food supplies have a top priority and, if possible, that there be an increase in rations. The farmers are asked to increase production, while the Government is asked to provide the public anti-black market committees with limited executive powers. "Scrip" shops should not be permitted to sell items normally on the ration list but which are unavailable.

Separatism Condemned

The resolutions included a condemnation of the separatist action taken by Mapam and the Communists. These were the only resolutions which, it is understood, were adopted by a majority vote, the others were a compromise between Mapai and Mapam proposals. A three-man committee was appointed to handle the anti-black market campaign for the Executive.

It is understood that the Mapai majority on the Committee which drafted the resolutions announced that it was willing to accept the Mapam suggestions for organizing the Histadrut committees to fight the black market, but asked that the Mapam sponsored groups be abolished first. The Mapam representative said that he could not make such a pledge without first consulting his party.

E. Germans Promise 'Bourgeois' Law

BERLIN, Sunday (Reuter) —The East German Deputy Premier, M. Walter Ulbricht, announced yesterday that the East German electoral law for all-German elections would be "bourgeois-democratic."

It would be based on that of the First German (Weimar) Republic, he said.

The law is being drafted as a counter-proposal to a recent West German law for all-German elections.

Timing Main Issue In Korea Talks

MUNSAN, Sunday. — Allied and Communist negotiators were close together today on where to draw the cease-fire line across Korea, but were still sharply disagreed on when to do so.

The question of timing became the most important issue to be settled, all other major differences apparently having been worked out.

The proposals of both sides called for the zone to be based on the battle line.

The U.N. command, however, held to its position that this zone could be defined only after all other matters had been settled and an armistice was ready for signature.

The Communists want to fix the cease-fire line immediately, at the same time allowing for any major alterations that might come in the "points of contact" before an armistice is signed.

The sub-committees will meet again tomorrow.

Admiral Joy, U.N. cease-fire delegate, said yesterday that the prompt recovery of thousands of allied prisoners of war in Communist hands was a primary aim of the U.N. command.

Four U.N. Aims

He told reporters at Munsan, "we shall continue to use every weapon in our command, be it at the conference table or on the battlefield, to achieve a complete armistice at the earliest possible time."

Admiral Joy listed four goals for which the allied delegation are striving.

- A demilitarized zone reflecting the military situation as it exists at the time of the armistice signing.
- Totally adequate security for Allied forces and rear areas during the cease-fire.
- Concrete agreements preventing the build-up of military forces beyond the level at the time of the armistice signing.
- Quick and satisfactory arrangements for the return of prisoners to their homes.

(AP, Reuter)

Tokyo May Be World's Largest City in 1960

TOKYO, Sunday (Reuter). — The Japanese government predicted today that Tokyo was likely to be the world's largest city by 1960, with a population of 10,000,000.

According to the latest government figures, the population at October first was 6,748,950—double the population on November 1, 1945.

A-Shaab Leader To Form New Syrian Gov't

Syrian President Hashem El Atassi last night asked a former Premier, Dr. Nazim El Kudsi, one of the top leaders of the A-Shaab Party, to form a new cabinet following day-long talks with various party leaders, Cairo Radio announced.

Dr. Kudsi for the past few months was the President of Parliament. He was the initiator of the well-known "Kudsi plan" for the federalization of Arab states, an issue over which he was forced to resign as Premier at the beginning of the year.

He has already started negotiations, the announcement said, and it is believed he will set up a coalition cabinet with an A-Shaab majority.

The Syrian government of Hassan El Hakim resigned on Saturday following a split over the SACME issue. Premier El Hakim's support of the four-power statement clashed with Foreign Minister Faydi El Atassi's opposition to joining the Middle East Command.

Support for Egypt

Syria's A-Shaab Party, holding the majority in Parliament, wholeheartedly supports Egypt in all her measures against Britain, one of the party leaders, Rushdi Bey Kihyia, announced in Damascus yesterday, ANA reports.

In a telephone message to the newspaper "Al Hayat" from Damascus Hakim said: "I wanted to regain my liberty to defend my opinions about common defence, which I believe is the first serious opportunity promising the Arabs a new start for the better after continuous breakdowns since the last war."

NO OFFICIAL REACTION TO RILEY REPORT

A Government spokesman said yesterday that there was still no official reaction to the report given the Security Council by Major General William E. Riley on the borders and armistice agreements.

"Although a detailed study has not yet been made," the spokesman said, "it would appear from press reports that the objectivity and impartiality, which General Riley had said he was seeking to achieve, has not been evidenced in the report."

Rumania Emigration Delayed by Rules

HAIFA, Sunday. — Between 900 and 1,400 exit visas are granted by the Rumanian authorities to Israel-bound emigrants for each voyage of the s.s. Transilvania. The large luxury liner has carried as many as 2,000 in a single trip. Today, she brought only 450 immigrants.

The new arrivals said that exit permits are issued in such a way as to make departure on the scheduled date difficult, if not impossible.

Many applicants receive their exit visas only three days before the ship's departure.

Families Split

In many cases, the new immigrants said, exit visas are given to some members of a family and not to others. In those cases where families are not willing to separate, they postpone their departure until the remaining permits are received. But whoever postpones his trip, for any reason whatsoever, loses his turn and is —automatically—placed at the bottom of the list of emigrants.

These hardships are, in the opinion of those who came yesterday, the cause of the sharp decline in immigration from Rumania.

Ten families were sent directly to the Tel Yeruham ma'abara and 12 to the Shimron ma'abara near Nahalal.

'Terror Day' in Suez; Attack on Hospital

SACME Plan Seen Not Inconsistent

By Jesse Zel Lurie
POST Correspondent

NEW YORK, Saturday. — Delayed. — Taking the Middle East Command statement at its face value, the four powers see no inconsistency in the lack of peace between the Arabs and Israel and the ability of both parties to serve side by side in a Middle East army.

The statement says the Command will in no way affect the existing Armistice Agreements, but makes no proposal on how to strengthen the agreements by making peace.

"Life" magazine's chief editorial writer in the current issue gives the view, shared by realists, that the Command "will try to make the Middle East secure against military invasion by Russia, but at present the Russians are making as much hay from the internal disorders of the Middle East as they could make by a military invasion."

Dramatic Move

The editorial adds that until the Palestine refugee problem is solved, "other Middle Eastern political quarrels cannot be resolved. They can only be quelled, as the British are now quelling the one in Egypt."

The "Life" editorial welcomes Israel's willingness to recompense the refugees if the money is paid for resettlement elsewhere, and urges an international body to take up the problem as an urgent matter aiming at a "major resettlement operation."

In a profile of Mr. Anthony Eden in the same issue, Mr. Gene Farmer writes: "In the backs of their minds some Tories are turning over the idea of a dramatic move to solve the Middle Eastern crisis by calling some kind of conference between the Arabs and Jews. The Tories, Mr. Eden included, can see no stability in the Middle East until the Arab-Jewish problem is solved, particularly as it affects the plight of the pitiable Arab refugees."

Cyprus or Turkey H.Q.

(An INA report from Washington stressed that despite pressure from Egypt, no Arab states have yet taken any step either for or against participation in the Command.

It is also learned there that the announcement of the declaration was specially made in Paris in view of the Arab ministers' meeting there. Egypt wanted the meeting to be held in the Middle East, and official sources consider it important that the gathering was held away from Egyptian pressures in Cairo.

The headquarters of SACME will be in Cyprus or Turkey now, according to the INA report, and U.S. officials say the Supreme Commander will be either British or Turkish. The U.S. will send no troops, but may participate in the top commands, they said.

High sources in Washington indicated that Middle Eastern states will be able to buy munitions directly from the U.S. Government.

Ten per cent of the Mutual Security Arms Appropriation of $338m. for the Middle East — including Greece, Turkey and Iran — will be made available to Israel and the Arab states).

Alexandria Harbour Paralysed

FAYID, Sunday, (Reuter). — Egyptians poured automatic and rifle fire into a darkened military hospital last night, in a new terror campaign of shooting and violence against Britain's Suez Canal garrison. British sentries—alert for the "terror day" promised in skull and crossbone posters —drove the snipers from the hospital area with rapid fire.

Bullets ripped into the hospital compound and buildings at El Ballah, 16 kms. north of the trouble town of Ismailia but none was hurt, a British Army spokesman said.

In Cairo a British spokesman said tonight that the whole of Alexandria harbour, one of the biggest in the Mediterranean, was paralysed today by a dockers' strike.

"T. Day" was launched yesterday in Ismailia itself, where three British soldiers walking in an out of bounds section of the garrison town were set upon, beaten and stabbed by 300 screaming Egyptians.

A third attack in the weekend of violence was by snipers who fired at an army petrol dump at Nefisha, near Ismailia. There were only a few shots and British sentries did not reply.

The Army spokesman said an unnamed paratrooper was dangerously hurt when an Egyptian car driver "deliberately drove him down" in Fayid village, British military Headquarters.

'Holy Jihad'

"T. Day" also brought a call from foreign Moslem leaders to the Sudanese to launch a "Jihad" — holy war —against the "British aggressors." The appeal, broadcast by Cairo Radio, was signed by Haj-Amin el Husseini, ex-Mufti of Jerusalem, and others.

British families were being evacuated steadily from the besieged Canal zone during the mounting weekend tension.

General Erskine, commanding British troops in Egypt, told families yesterday that anyone who could not be accommodated in guarded quarters would have to leave.

Some Egyptian and foreign shopkeepers in Port Fuad, on the Eastern Bank of the Suez Canal opposite Port Said, are refusing to sell food to British families "in the face of growing intimidation," according to an Army spokesman.

Cypriot workers have begun to arrive in the Suez Canal Zone at the request of the British military authorities to replace wholesale desertions by Egyptian labourers.

Azzam Hits At Four Powers

PARIS, Sunday (Reuter). — Azzam Pasha, secretary-general of the Arab League, declared here last night that the four-power statement on the Middle East Command was inconsistent with the principles of the U.N. Charter.

The statement, he said, also ignored the existence of the Arab League, the joint military pact signed by the Arab states and recently ratified by several Arab parliaments — which provides for integrated Arab forces under a unified command—and, the fundamental object of the U.N. for establishing a collective world security system.

Azzam Pasha said that the statement was "startling from a geographical point of view, too." He said: "In the minds of the sponsoring powers the term Middle East appears to include almost everybody from the U.S. to Australia, from Europe to South Africa, and excepts only those very nations which form the greater part of the Middle East as well as the Mediterranean powers vitally interested in the area who have strong cultural, historical and geographical ties with the Arab people, such as Italy, Spain and Greece."

Azzam Pasha said he had never believed that the defence of this area could be forced on its people and be practically possible without their voluntary cooperation and goodwill.

New Zealand Backs SACME

PARIS, Sunday (UP). — New Zealand yesterday pledged her full support for the four-power declaration on SACME, a few hours after South Africa (as reported yesterday) had also pledged hers.

Mr. F. D. Dodge, head of the New Zealand delegation to the General Assembly, said in a formal statement yesterday: "I am able to affirm New Zealand's full support for the declaration issued by the Governments of the U.K., the U.S., France and Turkey." He quoted a message from his Prime Minister expecting that action will soon be taken to put SACME on an organized basis.

Sudanese Delegates For U.N. Assembly

KHARTOUM, Sunday (UP) — Both the pro-Egyptian "National Struggle Front"-and the anti-Egyptian el Umma Party announced today they were sending separate delegations to the U.N. Assembly in Paris.

Egypt May Consider Pact—If British Go

WASHINGTON, Sunday (AP) — Mohammed Kamil Bey Abdul Rahim, Egyptian Ambassador here, said today Egypt is ready "to consider" entering a Middle East treaty with Turkey, Persia and the Western powers, but only after the "British occupation" of the Suez Canal zone has been ended.

He added such a treaty proposal would then be considered within the framework of the U.N. Charter.

Eden Expected To Reject Soviet Move

PARIS, Sunday (Reuter). — The British Foreign Secretary, Mr. Anthony Eden, is expected tomorrow to reject on behalf of the Western powers Russia's disarmament plan, usually well informed sources said here today.

The sources added that Mr. Eden would "pull no punches" in his speech to the U.N. General Assembly. He would declare that the Western powers could not accept the Soviet plan because it contained no guarantee that it would work.

Mr. Eden's speech—expected before the lunch break—will be the first to answer Mr. Vyshinsky. Also listed to speak in the general debate were Bolivia, Peru, Nationalist China, Canada, Greece, Colombia, Chile and Denmark.

Churchill May Visit U.S. in January

KEY WEST, Sunday, (AP). — The White House disclosed today that Mr. Winston Churchill will probably meet President Truman in Washington some time in January.

Presidential Secretary Joseph Short made the disclosure at a news conference at the Naval submarine station. He would not fix a date.

Mr. Short said there had been an exchange of cable messages between the President and Mr. Churchill.

Mr. Short was asked if the French Premier, M. Rene Pleven, would also attend. He "had not heard of that," he said. There was no indication that the conference would involve any others than the President and Mr. Churchill beyond leading members of both governments.

Heavy Turn-Out In Argentine Election

BUENOS AIRES, Sunday (UP). — Millions of Argentines trooped to the polls through heavy rain today to elect the President, Vice-President and 6,000 lesser officials in the biggest single election ever seen by Latin America.

Women are eligible to vote nationally for the first time in Argentine history, and during the early hours the "weaker sex" outnumbered the men at the polls about two to one, although more than half of the nearly 9,000,000 registered voters are men.

British Labour Prepares Fight

LONDON, Sunday (Reuter). —Mr. Winston Churchill's new Government will fight it out with Labour in Parliament tomorrow when the Opposition will seek to stop the denationalization of steel.

Labour will make a second attempt to bring down the Government on Tuesday with a further amendment deploring the plan to give Parliament a two months' Christmas recess. The Opposition thinks this period far too long.

The Government is expected to tell Parliament its interim plans on steel—prior to the introduction in February of a bill restoring the industry to private ownership. Steps will be taken to get effective control over the whole industry.

Next Wednesday employers will answer the claim of three million shipbuilding and engineering unions for a £1 wage increase for engineering workers.

Labour quarters believed that if this is not granted, Communists intend to exploit any resulting discontent.

Pre-Election Promises Blamed For Desertion from Villages

False pre-election promises were the chief cause why 25 per cent of the residents of work villages abandoned their settlements, Mr. Yosef Weitz, Director of the Jewish National Fund's Lands Department, told the press yesterday in Jerusalem.

In a sharp denunciation of those who "aided and abetted" the settlers to leave their villages, Mr. Weitz disclosed that 650 families of the 2,340 in hill *kfarei avodah* in various parts of the country had left since the election. He cited one village in northern Galilee where 108 of the 138 families "suddenly disappeared." Of those who had left, he said, 34 families were aided by Hapoel Hamizrahi, 22 by the Histadrut's Cooperative Settlement Movement, 18 by Agudat Israel and 34 had gone after seeing others do so.

"They left only because the organizations concerned had to fulfil promises that they would give the settlers better accommodations after the elections," Mr. Weitz said. "The immigrants abandoned excellent houses, good fields and fruit trees, and plenty of work to go to more comfortable collective villages."

Poor Instructors

One hundred and fifteen families had left another village in Western Galilee; the entire population of 253 families had left a village in the Hebron hills; in the Jerusalem Corridor, 174 families had quit three different villages.

Mr. Weitz admitted that other factors contributed to the abandonment of the villages. He said they were: the poor quality of the instructors sent by the various cooperative settlement organizations, who failed to "educate the settlers on the importance of work villages in the defence and development of the country"; the method of payment; and the shortage of farming equipment. He strongly defended the J.N.F.'s pay system which set up daily work norms for various types of labour. If the settler fulfilled them, he received IL.1.700, and was paid proportionately for doing more than the norm.

"We established the norm system after learning that the old system of a straight daily wage was highly unproductive," he said. "The standards set were equivalent to about one-half of what communal settlement members do, and can easily be reached in much less than the eight hours available."

As an example, Mr. Weitz cited the work done by the villages before the election campaign last June. This included the clearing of more than 17,000 dunams of rocky land for planting, which was more than half of the total area assigned to these points. Furthermore, he said, more than 171,000 fruit trees had been rehabilitated, 21,500 planted in addition to another 2,911,000 saplings of other than fruit trees which were also planted.

Butchers Strike For Higher Prices

HAIFA, Sunday.—Kosher and non-kosher butchers throughout the country will go on strike as from midnight tonight.

All slaughtering of animals and transport of meat will stop. A strike committee was set up to decide whether supplies are to go to hospitals, homes for the aged and other institutions.

At a meeting of their organization here this evening, delegates voted to strike in protest against the Government's alleged failure to allow them a "fair and honourable" income.

The Government meat price allowed them a gross profit of 54 prutot per kilogram which, with 1,000 customers on the average, left a gross profit of IL.6 per week, if a ration was distributed, they said.

Merchant Sailors Quit Ships

HAIFA, Sunday. — About 350 officers and men in ten Israel merchant ships now anchored in Haifa and Tel Aviv will give notice tomorrow morning.

The decision to quit their jobs was reached unanimously by the Seamen's Convention here this morning after the Histadrut Executive refused to recognize the constitution drawn up during their week-long meeting.

The seamen are handing in their notice tomorrow morning but will remain at their stations for another 24 hours. By then if the constitution is not authorized by the Histadrut Executive or a date for its authorization set, the men will leave their ships. All Israel seamen arriving in Israel ports will follow suit.

The root of the dispute appears to be the Haifa Labour Council's determination to retain control of the seamen's affairs, hitherto exercised through Union Secretaries appointed by the Council. In the recent election the seamen ousted the Council's appointees, whom they charged with excessive regard for the interests of the Shoham Company and the authority of the Labour Council.

The Histadrut demanded that the Seamen's Labour Exchange be taken over by the Haifa Labour Exchange, but the seamen countered that the Exchange be run by their own Union, as in the past. They pointed out that only a sailor is able to deal with the special needs of seamen.

Mr. Y. Almagi, secretary of the Haifa Labour Council, said last night that the case was being dealt with by the Histadrut Trades Union Department, and that the Haifa Labour Council was not involved.

About 50 seamen in the s.s. Elath gave notice at five o'clock this evening, five hours before the ship was to sail. Two of the six foreign sailors aboard are reported to have also resigned. Although it is not customary to sign off while a ship is under sailing orders, this step was taken on the grounds that the sailors "could not sail unless their constitution was recognized."

At a crowded meeting this afternoon, a seamen's delegate said that they would sign off and register for re-employment through their own exchange.

"If foreign crews can be found to sail the ships we shall not object. We regret that we were forced to take this step, but we cannot agree to receive Union instructions without knowing from whom they come. This is not a strike, because we are not quarrelling with our employers," he stated.

IMPORTANT NOTICE

To all owners of lands acquired by the Government near the Kishon in Haifa.
On Thursday, November 15, 1951, at 5 p.m.
AN URGENT MEETING
will be held at the PALATIN CAFE, 50 Rehov Nahlat Benyamin, Tel Aviv, to organize a common defence of our interests.
Your presence is indispensable for your own interest.
The Organizing Committee.

TOURISTS
must go for tea
to the
KING DAVID HOTEL

Social & Personal

The U.S. Ambassador and Mrs. Davis were yesterday entertained to lunch by the President and Mrs. Weizmann in Rehovot.

Dr. M. Ishai, Minister in Rome, will head the Israel delegation to the World Health Organization's semi-annual conference, to convene in Rome next Monday. The other members of the delegation are: Dr. A. Samuel, Agricultural Adviser to the Ministry of Agriculture; Dr. R. F. Gintzel, Commercial Adviser to the Legation in Rome; Mr. O. Zipori, Deputy Director of the International Organization Division in the Ministry for Foreign Affairs.

Mr. Edward D. Mitchell, chairman of the board of the Beneficial Standard Life Insurance Co. and president of the Israel Maritime Co., a joint venture of Zim Israel Navigation Co. and Ampal, left by air last week after an extensive tour of Ampal projects. Mr. Mitchell is co-chairman of the Israel Bond Drive in Los Angeles.

Mr. Ben Zion Ilan of Afikim has been named to replace Mr. A. Shamroni as head of the Youth and Nahal Department in the Ministry of Defence. Mr. Shamroni is returning to Afikim.

Mr. F. Scheinlak and Mr. F. A. Lewinson have been elected Chairman and Acting Chairman, respectively, of the Brith Maccabim-Atid Sports Club, Tel Aviv.

The first Hebrew performance of "The Little Foxes" by Lillian Hellman, was presented by Habimah in Tel Aviv yesterday. Mr. Zvi Friedland directed.

Professor José Ma Millas Vallicrosa, Professor of Hebrew Language and head of the Institute of History of Natural Science at the University of Barcelona, will speak (in Hebrew), on "The Beginnings of Natural Science among the Jews in Spain" at Terra Sancta College in Jerusalem at 8.15 p.m. this evening. The public is invited.

There will be an I.P.O. Special Concert in Tel Aviv on Thursday with Rankl conducting and Unikaky as soloist. This is not included in any subscription series. Tickets are available to the general public.

The exhibition of children's paintings at the Israel Touring Club, Jerusalem, done by the pupils of Ruth Ramberger, has closed.

OBITUARY

Mr. PAUL KRUGER

The death took place in Haifa on November 8, 1951 of Mr. Paul Kruger, deeply mourned by Mrs. Grete Kruger and Mr. & Mrs. Amos Frostig.

Roman Priority On Iceland

TORONTO, Sunday (Reuter). —A Canadian professor claims to have found evidence that the Romans landed on Iceland as early as 300 C.E. — at least 500 years before the Vikings discovered and colonized the Island.

He is Professor Fritz Heichelheim, formerly of Giessen, Germany, and an internationally known expert in ancient economic history and ancient coins. He is now at the University of Toronto.

He said in an interview here that he based his theory on three Roman silver-coated bronze coins found in Iceland about five years ago.

His discovery led him to suspect that Iceland was perhaps found even 600 years earlier, and that sailors of the Greek Empire roamed the Atlantic and knew of North America around 300 years B.C.E. — 1,800 years before Columbus.

Professor Heichelheim said he thought that, if his theory was true, Iceland might be the mysterious island of Ultima Thule, as scholars had long suspected.

Until now it has been generally held that Iceland was discovered about the year 870 by the Vikings, the first settlers arriving in 874 — coming mainly from West Norway and the Norwegian settlements in the British Isles.

Professor Heichelheim worked in Toronto with large-scale photographs of the coins and from descriptions of them and articles in archaeological journals.

He decided they had been buried as an offering to the gods by a Roman who turned seafarer upon discharge from the army after the reign of the Emperor Diocletian. He believed the Roman's ship was wrecked on a desolate part of the Icelandic coast and that the Roman hoped by burying the coins to obtain divine help in his distress.

He said that the Vikings settlers later went on to North America — there is a tradition that Eric the Red landed in Labrador — and pointed out Thule was mentioned in reports by the Greek explorer Pytheas about 300 years B.C.E.

40th Anniversary Celebration Of Agricultural Union

Commenting on the 40th anniversary of the Agricultural Workers' Union, "Davar" (Hatadrut) praises the important contributions of the Union in the settlement of the country from Galilee to the Negev. It concludes with the hope that the next 40 years be as full of unanticipated achievements as were the last 40.

"Al Hamishmar" (Mapam) stresses the party angle, asking if all of the Union's accomplishments must belong to the past. It demands that the new immigrants be imbued with the same pioneering spirit which characterised the organization in the past, lest they become hawkers in the city streets.

Progressive's Position

Continuing the foreign policy debate, "Ha'aretz" (Independent) carries a defence by Mr. Ishar Harari, M.K., of the Progressive Party's stand in the Knesset which calls for abstaining in votes on all Government proposals. The paper says in reply that this neutrality is based both on a misunderstanding growing out of paying attention only to immediate dangers to the exclusion of all others and also on a disregard for the international developments which directly influence the Middle East and Israel.

"Herut" draws attention to the death sentence against a number of Iraqi Jews, stressing that Israel was created not merely as a homeland for Jews living in the country, but also as the champion of all persecuted Jews, wherever they may dwell. Immediate steps are urged to prevent the "legal murder" of Jews in Iraq and other Arab countries. We should have immediate recourse to U.N. bodies. But if this fails, continues the paper, there are other ways to influence the Iraqis to stop killing innocent hostages.

"Haaretz" (Misrahi) notes that negotiations are under way to fix the rate of immigration in 1952. The paper stresses that this will be influenced by our ability to increase agricultural output and to provide the immigrants with gainful employment.

Negotiations Under Way

"Haboker" (General Zionist) publishes a letter sent by 60 immigrants from India to the Indian Government and the U.S. Embassy in Tel Aviv, demanding their return to their country of origin. The letter contains many complaints about the lack of attention shown them and political discrimination. "Haboker" finds in this a further illustration of the result of the "regime of absorption" in practice. Even should many of the complaints be vastly exaggerated, they should be looked into at once. The "party system," which the paper characterizes as being "more detrimental than the lack of food and housing," should be liquidated, it says.

Supreme Court Rules On Paternity Case

A Tel Aviv District Court decision declaring Mr. Simon Koteck to be the father of the child of Miss Zilla Wolfsohn and obliging him to pay IL.20 a month for the child's maintenance until it is six years old was affirmed by the Supreme Court in Jerusalem on Friday.

The District Court was overruled, however, in that part of its judgment which required Mr. Koteck to pay the expenses of the pregnancy and birth.

The appellant argued that the rules of procedure in Jewish law, which governed the case, require a confession of paternity in court after the birth of the child.

Justice Zilberg said that the Court need not follow the laws of procedure and evidence of Jewish Law when applying such Law.

Even if it were required to do so, Mr. Koteck's arguments would not have been convincing, since the rules of procedure in Jewish Law bind him even to confessions of paternity made out of Court.

Order Nisi Against Planning Committee

The High Court in Jerusalem yesterday issued an order nisi calling on the Jerusalem Town Planning Committee to show cause why Mr. Joseph Valero had not been granted a licence to build on his plot of land located behind the public garden in King George Avenue.

The applicant declared that in 1949 the Committee had told him his property was to be requisitioned and that it was impractical to issue him a licence.

The property was never confiscated, and further correspondence with the Committee has remained unanswered, the petition states.

Mr. Valero represented by Mr. S. Misrahi, said that though he is paying Government and Municipal taxes on the plot, he can neither build on it, nor sell it, since prospective buyers are deterred by the Committee's refusal to grant the licence.

Justices Olshan, Assaf and Zilberg sat on the Bench.

EX-JORDAN SENATOR ASKS COMPENSATION

Sheikh Suleiman Taji, the blind Ramle journalist and former Palestine Arab opposition leader in the Jordan Senate has requested financial compensation for the period between his expulsion from the Senate by King Talal a fortnight ago until the end of the current term, "A-Sareeh" reported recently.

Sheikh Suleiman, who was expelled with five other Senate members, has warned Premier Abdul Huda Pasha that he will take the case to the Supreme Court if his request is denied, the paper said.

W.H.O. Issues Report On Poliomyelitis

According to a report by the World Health Organization, the development of poliomyelitis in 1951 was as follows:

In comparison with corresponding weeks during the two preceding years, the incidence of the disease has increased in Australia, the Belgian Congo, the Netherlands and Switzerland.

In the U.S., Austria, Canada and West Berlin, the situation is worse than in 1950, but better than in 1949.

In Scotland, Northern Ireland, Western Germany and France the position is better than in 1950, but worse than in 1949. In England and Wales, the situation is better than in either of the two preceding years.

Sudanese Papers Boycott P.I.O.

Twenty-five pro-Egyptian daily papers in the Sudan, as well as a number of weeklies and monthlies, have decided on a general boycott of the Sudanese Government Press Information Office in protest against a P.I.O. charge that one of their number was "selling the country out to the Egyptians," Radio Cairo reports.

All the dailies will suspend publication for one day tomorrow, and no reporters will accept P.I.O. material, attend Government press conferences or maintain any kind of connection with the Government press service.

MINOR SENT TO EIN VERED HOME

TEL AVIV, Sunday. — In the absence of a proper institution for delinquent girls, the Magistrate's Court here last week sent a 16-year-old girl to the Government's open institution at Ein Vered.

Passing judgment, the Magistrate said that the girl should receive a psychiatric examination, and if found unsuited for the institution, should be retried.

SHIPS IN HAIFA PORT ON SUNDAY

Dvora, Is., Fish, V; **Tsrifmarom**, Nor., Cotton Seeds, **Kosmonaut**, Is., Wood, Prefab. Houses, **Barbara**, Nor., Loading Cars; **Transilvania**, Rum., Immigrants, Household Effects; **Tabusit**, Is., Gen. Cargo; **Dumbrikasar**, Tur., Seeds, Gen. Cargo; **Albion**, Brit., Gen. Cargo; **Nicola Vaptzarov**, Bul., Immigrants, Cement, Wood; **Elath**, Is., Compl. Unloading; **Andrey II**, U.S., Wheat, Flour; **Neho**, Hond., Compl. Unloading; **Nirit**, Is., Compl. Unloading; **Hanored**, Is., Compl. Unloading.

SHIPS EXPECTED

11.11 **St. Angela**, Cotton Seeds; **Hadar**, Gen. Cargo; **Gogermanan**, Iron, Steel Bars, Gen. Cargo; **Goodwood**, Wood, Prefab. Houses.

12.11 **Columbia Heights**, Cows, Hay.

14.11 **Elizabeth**, Hay, Dunby, Gen. Cargo; **Pierre Victory**, Pipes, Gen. Cargo.

16.11 **Jura**, Copra.

20.11 **Ionian**, Gen. Cargo.

Jerusalem Cinemas

At 6.30 & 8.30 p.m.

ARNON: Pygmalion.
EDEN: Viva Villa.
EDISON: Pandora and the Flying Dutchmen.
ORION: The Life and Music of Mussorgsky.
STUDIO: Anchors Aweigh.
ZION: Beyond the Forest.
SEMADAR: Cry Wolf (6.30 p.m.); Danko Piskita (8.30 p.m.). 2 films on one ticket.
TEL OR: Knock on Any Door.

At the Cinema

"PANDORA and The Flying Dutchman" (Edison Jerusalem) is a blend of Wagner's opera "The Flying Dutchman" and Wedekind's drama, "Pandora's Box". The story of the "Flying Dutchman," searching for salvation is told in modern terms. James Mason plays the Dutchman, painter and mystic, doing a picture of Pandora and Pandora (Ava Gardner) appears out of the sea on his ship. Three men meet their death through her.

Pandora is then supposed to marry a wealthy, bearded gentleman who is interested in old manuscripts, until she meets the "Flying Dutchman". A brilliant extravaganza.

The Devil is a Woman

"BEYOND the Forest" (Zion) has a sinister Strindbergian atmosphere. Bette Davis, wife of a country doctor (Joseph Cotten), hates small town life. The nearest big city is Chicago.

Bette's creation of Rose Moline, as neurotic as ever, is reminiscent of her "Jezebel." Ruth Roman gives a small but good character study. Minor Watson is competent as Mossie, an Indian housemaid. The best of Max Steiner's score, if not of the picture, is his brilliant paraphrase on Fred Fisher's nostalgic song-hit, "Chicago, Chicago," which serves as the leitmotif.

FRANGO

Chinese Liberation

THE "Liberation of China" from the Nationalists by the Communists is the theme of this Russian film now at the Eden in Tel Aviv. The exciting technique reminds one of Eisenstein and Pudovkin. As an historical document, however, the film is overly condensed and simplified and does not explain the revolution and war in China.

Many times over the General Staff decides to liberate this city or that — and then we are shown how Tientsin, and Canton, are conquered. This device is repeated several times until it loses all the power of the documentary effect.

Mo.

OLYMPIC WINTER GAMES AT OSLO

Twenty two nations have registered for the Winter Olympic Games, scheduled to take place in Oslo, Norway, from February 14 to 25 next year. Israel is not participating.

Sending teams are: Argentina, Australia, Austria, Belgium, Brazil, Bulgaria, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Holland, Iceland, Italy, Japan, New Zealand, Norway, Sweden, Switzerland, South Africa and the U.S.A.

Altogether 1,700 athletes from 30 nations are expected to take part in the Games, and accommodation will be provided in three "Olympic" villages. In addition about 500 official Press and radio reporters are expected, and they will be accommodated in the new 500-bed Viking Hotel, headquarters for the news services from Oslo during the Games.

(SAS Press Office)

Turpin Challenges Robinson Again

Randolph Turpin will challenge "Sugar" Ray Robinson for a third world middleweight title fight, his manager, George Middleton, said last week.

London promoter Jack Solomons said he was greatly pleased with the New York bout and reported that Robinson would welcome another match with Turpin in London.

The London promoter also stated that he was "very interested" in an overweight bout in London between Turpin and Kid Gavilan, the world welterweight champion.

Campanella "Most Valuable Player"

NEW YORK, Sunday (USIS)— Roy Campanella, catcher of the Brooklyn Dodgers, has been voted the "most valuable player" in the National Baseball League for 1951. The award is made annually by the Baseball Writers Association of America.

Campanella is the second Negro to receive the honour. Jackie Robinson, also a member of the Brooklyn team, won the award in 1949.

Joe Baksi of Kulpmont, Pennsylvania, in the second fight of his current comeback campaign, knocked out Italy's Gino Buovino in the first round of a 10-round bout in New York recently. Baksi, a three to one favourite, took exactly the same number of seconds to put the Italian down as did Lee Savold at the Madison Square Garden in March 1948. Savold was then a substitute for Baksi on 24 hours notice.

BRITISH SECURITIES LISTED

The first list of 46 British securities, published by the Ministry of Finance in the "Kovetz Hatakanot," dated November 6, 1951 (as reported), comprises mainly gilt-edged loans of U.K. and Commonwealth institutions and the War Loans.

The securities listed will be handed over to the Treasury at the official prices quoted on the London Stock Exchange on November 1, plus 40 per cent premium. Two more lists of securities impounded, comprising 650 more debentures and shares, will be gazetted in the next few days, while the total number of securities affected is expected to be over a thousand.

FIRST LIST OF BRITISH SECURITIES

London Quotation of Nov. 1, 1951 in Ill. and Pruteh.

3½% Annuities	£2,980
2½% Annuities	60,500
Australia (Com'wealth of) 3½% Reg. Stock 1964–74	63,750
Australia (Com'wealth of) 3½% Reg. Stock 1966–81	100,625
Australia (Com'wealth of) 3½% Reg. Stock 1965–69	98,875
Australia (Com'wealth of) 3½% Reg. Stock 1964–59	100,750
Australia (Com'wealth of) 3½% Reg. Stock 1950–52	101,500
Australia (Com'wealth of) 3½% Reg. Stock 1953–54	102,063
Austrian Govt. Intern. 3% Guar. Stg. Bonds 1933–53	99,313
British Iron & Steel 3½% Guar. Stock 1979–81	100,375
British Electricity 3% Guar. Stock 1946–53	97,938
British Electricity 3% Guar. Stock 1967	97,750
British Electricity 3% Guar. Stock 1968–73	102,250
British Electricity 3% Guar. Stock 1974–77	99,188
British Electricity 3½% Guar. Stock 1978–79	99,125
Canada (Dominion of) 3½% Reg. Stock	97,563
Canada (Dominion of) 4% Reg. Stock	103,875
4% Consolidated Loan	103,250
3½% Conversion Loan	97,688
Cyprus Govt. 3½% Ins. Stock	87,812
Cyprus Govt. 4% Inscribed Stock	97,500
Durban (Boro' of) 4% Inscribed Stock	100,750
Durban (Boro' of) 4% Inscribed Stock	102,000
Durban (Boro' of) 4% Inscribed Stock (1903)	102,125
Durban (Boro' of) 4% Reg. Stock (1907)	102,500
Durban (Boro' of) 5% Red. Stock	107,250
2¾% Funding Loan 1956–61	97,375
2½% Funding Loan 1952–57	101,875
3% Funding Loan 1959–69	92,500
3% Funding Stock 1966–68 (Reg.)	94,250
4% Funding Stock 1960–90	108,375
Johannesburg (City of) 3½% Inscribed Stock 1962	101,188
Johannesburg (City of) 3½% Inscribed Stock 1956–67	90,375
Johannesburg (City of) 3½% Red. Stock 1959–60	98,500
Johannesburg (City of) 4 % Inscribed Stock 1963–63	100,750
3% National Defence Loan 1954–58	100,562
National War Bonds 2½% 1951–53 (Reg.)	101,375
National War Bonds 2½% 1952–54 (Reg.)	101,156
National War Bonds 2½% 1954–56 (Reg.)	102,531
Newfoundland Govt. 3% Guar. Stock 1943–63	99,250
Newfoundland 3½% Inscribed Stock 1952	1101,500
3½% Savings Bonds 1964–67 (Reg.)	89,688
3% Savings Bonds 1955–65 (Reg.)	97,188
3% Savings Bonds 1960–70 (Reg.)	92,188
3% Savings Bonds 1965–75 (Reg.)	89,813
3% Savings Bonds 1965–75 (Reg.)	89,813
3% War Loan 1955–59	103,500
3½% War Loan	85,875

Where to Go

JERUSALEM

8-6: Jerusalem Biblical Zoo: Romema, Bus 13A. Feeding time: 3.30-4 p.m.

9-1; 2-5: Exhibition of Paintings and drawings by Adolphe Milch, Paris. Exhibit of the Month: Maria Lani, Plaster cast by Charles Despiau. Bezalel Museum.

11-1; 5-7: Exhibition of Children's Paintings: Israel Touring Club, Talbieh.

11.30-12.30: Film Shows of Israel: Keren Hayesod Head Office.

TEL AVIV

3-3 p.m.: Israel Collection. Diaspora Artists' Paintings, Art in the 19th and 20th Cen.; selected Works of English and American painters, Tel Aviv Museums.

8.30 p.m.: "Queen of Saba": Chamber Theatre Mograbi Hall.

HAIFA

9 a.m.-5.30 p.m.: Theological and Scientific Library—Central Synagogue Bld., Rehov Gilad.

9 a.m.-5 p.m.: Marc Chagall Exhibition, Town Hall. (Conducted tours).

10 a.m.-6 p.m. Exhibition of photos of the I.P.O. in the U.S.A. and Canada: Bet Pevsner, Rehov Pevsner.

ON THE AIR

JERUSALEM: 467 M.; HAIFA: 249 M.; TEL AVIV: 48.9, 33.3 & 522 M.

NEWS: Hebrew: 7 a.m., 1.30, 6, 9.15 (and 11 p.m.); English: 2 and 9.30 p.m.; Arabic Programme (including News): 9 a.m., 2.15 and 7.15 p.m.; French: 2 p.m. 8.30 a.m. Service 6.25 Exercises, 6.45 Musical Clock (R), 7.15 Melodies, 7.45 Oriental Music (R), 8.30 Close Down.

10.00 a.m. Morning Concert. (R), 10.30 Music of the People (R), 11.00 Concert Hall: Works by Shostakovitch, Favre & Walton (R). 12.00 N. Break for Music (R). 12.30 Programme for Hospitals. 1.00 Soldiers' Programme. 1.45 Housewives' Corner. 3.15 Close Down.

4.00 p.m. Variety (R); 4.30 Organ Recital (R), 4.45 Oriental Music: E. Aharon. 5.00 Programme for Yemenites. 5.20 Interlude. 5.30 Child's Corner. 5.45 Interlude. 5.50 Agricultural Corner. 6.15 "Echoes of the Week"; Talk by D. Sher. 6.30 Children's Hour. 7.00 "From Worker to Worker"; Talk. 7.45 Bible Reading. 8.00 Soldiers' Programme. 8.40 Viola Recital: Ron Golan.

AMERICAN TOURIST FIRM
is looking for
OFFICE ACCOMMODATION
centrally located, size not important, in
TEL AVIV - HAIFA - JERUSALEM.
Offers to: P.O.B. 1713, Haifa.

IMPORTANT FOREIGN CONCERN
requires
FOR ITS ENGINEER
4-ROOMED FLAT
in Tel Aviv, furnished or unfurnished for 1½ years. Best references and guarantees available. Please apply: INCA INC., P.O.B. 2044, Tel Aviv.

WANTED
NEWSPAPER DELIVERY MAN
for
MOUNT CARMEL
Working hours:
7.30-10.30 a.m.
Apply:
The Jerusalem Post
1 Khayat St., Haifa
8 a.m. — 2 p.m.

WANTED
for construction of large industrial plant near Hadera
- **CLERK OF WORKS** for supervision
- **STOREKEEPER**

Work to begin on January 1, 1952. Apply in writing, stating previous experience, to No. 10834, Dr. Jacobsohn Advertising, 34 Rehov Yavneh, Tel Aviv.

WANTED
Intelligent CASHIER
Hebrew and English, for shop in Haifa, from 8 a.m. to 4 p.m., good salary.
Apply in writing with references to Ephrony Advertising, T.A., 31 Rothschild Blvd., for "Cashier."

AMERICAN ELECTRONIC ENGINEER
9 years' experience in research and development, production, teaching, Fair knowledge of Hebrew, seeks position in Haifa area. Write: No. 19747 P.O.B. 1125, Tel Aviv.

HOUSEKEEPER-NURSEMAID WANTED
by working couple with infant. References required. Apply: Mr. GROSS, The Jerusalem Post, Jerusalem (8 a.m. — 2 p.m.).

Public Medical Institution in Jerusalem
seeks
2 PHARMACISTS
(male or female)
and
STOREKEEPER
(male or female)
Apply with full particulars to "Pharmacist," P.O.B. 703, Jerusalem.

WANTED
English-Hebrew Shorthand-Typist
with experience in insurance business, mornings only. Good salary. Apply to: No. 3935, P.O.B. 1125, TEL AVIV.

WANTED
first class English
SHORTHAND TYPIST SECRETARY
9 a.m. — 2 p.m. Apply: Palestine British Bank, 20 Rothschild Boulevard, TEL AVIV.

Wanted:
1) **CLERK-CASHIER,** with knowledge of bookkeeping,
2) **ENGLISH SHORTHAND TYPIST,** first-class knowledge of Hebrew desirable.
Apply: "Clerks," Kitay's Advertising, P.O.B. 1368, Haifa.

WANTED
experienced
SHORTHAND TYPIST
with perfect knowledge of English, working knowledge of Hebrew. Part-time job, mornings. Apply to: P.O.B. 3632, Tel Aviv.

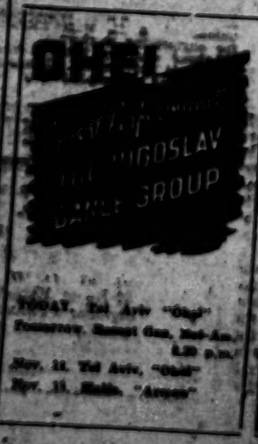
Are you LOT minded?
If you want a LOT of land which will not cost you a LOT of money, throw in your LOT with LOTS of other people with M. ROMAS and Co. 3 Rothschild Blvd., P.O.B. 67, Tel. 2548, Tel Aviv.

HITACHDUT OLEI BRITANNIA
Jerusalem Branch
MUSICAL EVENING
compered by Mr. Sinai Leichter
Tomorrow, Tuesday, November 13, at 8 p.m. at Bet Kandinoff (c/o Norman), Meliesande's Way, (next door to Broadcasting House)
To be followed by
GENERAL MEETING and ELECTION OF COMMITTEE
REFRESHMENTS
All Members and Friends are cordially invited.

INSTEAD OF INVITATIONS
ALEK KAUFMANN and D. EISENSTEIN
(formerly Eden Bar, Ramat Gan)
have the honour to invite the public to the
GALA OPENING
of the new intimate
DOMINO BAR — RAMAT GAN
at the CINEMA "RAMA" BLDG.
which will take place TOMORROW TUESDAY, November 13, 1951 at 9 p.m.
Duo Sam Samely & Erich Ast

The Hebrew National OPERA
PREMIERE PERFORMANCES
TEL AVIV — Habimah Theatre, Nov. 13 8.30 p.m.
PETAH TIKVA — Ohel Thursday, Nov. 15 8.30 p.m.
HAIFA: Apollo Thursday, Dec. 6 ..... 9 p.m.
'Fledermaus'
a Gala Night
Operetta in 3 acts by Johann Strauss
Further performances:
EDIS DE PHILIPPE
S. Balsam, J. Segal, A. Bauer, J. Polak, O. Fuchs, E. Cohen, E. Hoffen, Dan Tudor, A. Granovsky, E. Berla.
Conductor: G. SINGER
Tickets: Habimah Theatre, Tel Aviv; "Ezrahi," 9 Rothschild Blvd., Tel Aviv, and at the Habimah Box Office.
Haifa: — Opening Night Tikva—Hechal

AMERICAN COMPANY
wants to rent for directors
FLAT in TEL AVIV and HAIFA
Reply: P.O.B. 1713, Haifa.



TODAY, Tel Aviv "Ohel"
Tomorrow, Ramat Gan, Mat-Am.
8.30 p.m.
Nov. 14, Tel Aviv, "Ohel"
Nov. 15, Haifa, "Arguva"

ORCHESTRA
SPECIAL CONCERT
Open to the general public. Not included in any subscription series.
Conductor: Karl Rankl
Soloist: Alexander Uninsky
Farewell Appearance
TEL AVIV, Thursday Nov. 15 "Ohel Shem" Hall at 8.30 p.m. Sale of tickets at the I.P.O. Office, 58 Allenby Rd., 11 a.m.—2 p.m., 5—6 p.m.

ALEXANDER UNINSKY RECITALS
JERUSALEM Wed. Nov. 14 "Edison" at 9 p.m.
HAIFA Friday Nov. 16 "Arguva" at 8.45 p.m.
Sale of tickets:
Jerusalem, at Cahana's
Haifa, at Ginsburg's

Subscription Concert No. 2 Series "B"
TEL AVIV, TONIGHT "Ohel Shem" Hall at 8.30 p.m.

WANTED
GENERAL MANAGER
for Tel Aviv Hotel
Apply in writing to: P.O.B. 1713, Haifa.

WANTED
ADVERTISEMENT OF PETITION

In the matter of the Companies Ordinance and the matter of The Arab National Bank Ltd. and the matter of The Arab Bank Ltd.

Notice is hereby given that a petition for the winding-up of the above-named companies by the District Court of Jerusalem was, on the 4th day of November 1951, presented to the said Court by the Attorney General. And that the said petition is directed to be heard before the Court sitting at Jerusalem on the 9th day of December 1951; and any creditor or contributory of the said companies desirous to support or oppose the making of an order on the said petition may appear at the time of hearing by himself or his advocate for that purpose; and a copy of the petition will be furnished to any creditor or contributory of the said companies requiring the same by the undersigned on payment of the regulated charge for the same.

HAIM H. COHN
Attorney General

Note. — Any person who intends to appear on the hearing of the said petition must serve on or send by post to the above-named, notice in writing of his intention so to do. The notice must state the name and address of the person, or, if a firm the name and address of the firm, and must be signed by the person or firm or his or their advocate (if any), and must be served, or if posted, must be sent by post in sufficient time to reach the above-named not later than one o'clock in the afternoon of December 8, 1951.

STATE OF ISRAEL

NOTICES TO THE PUBLIC

ADVANCED STUDIES ABROAD

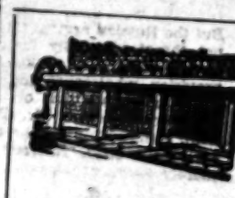
The Students Liaison Office of the Ministry of Education and Culture announces that applications are now being accepted for journeys abroad for the purpose of advanced University education for the Spring and Summer terms of 1952 only. The Autumn term has already begun in all European and American Universities, and no further applications for this term will now be accepted. Applications for advanced study abroad continue without interruption, and similarly, foreign currency is still sent to Israel students abroad.

AMSTERDAM

	November 7.	9.
Royal Dutch	304	290
AKU	164	151
v. Gelder Pa.	164	158
Lever and Unil.	219	200
Philips	175	164
Handelsky. Amst.	109	104
Amst. Rubber	96	96
Dell Maatsch.	85	82
Ned. Scheepy U.	140	135
Holl. Am. Lijn.	186	178
Kon. Ned. Stoomb.	135	127
Internatio	155	150

(By arrangement with Theodoor Gillissen, Amsterdam).

WANTED
experienced
Insurance Agents
in all towns
Good references required. Attractive remuneration.
Apply to
No. 3934, P.O.B. 1125, Tel Aviv.



KUPAT AM BANK LTD.
JERUSALEM
TEL AVIV
HAIFA
★
ALL BANKING TRANSACTIONS
★
STOCKS AND SHARES DEPT.
★
AGENTS FOR THE PRUDENTIAL ASSURANCE Co. Ltd.

Today's POST BAG

THE WEATHER

	A	B	C	D
Mt. Canaan	30	30	19	20
Nathanya	29	32	22	28
Tel Aviv Port	33	32	24	24
Lydda Airport	41	39	25	29
Jerusalem	46	11	20	29
Beersheba	—	19	26	27

Forecast: Fair.

"A) Humidity at 3 p.m. B) Minimum temp. C) Maxim. yesterday D) Maxim. temp. expected today.

* * *

212 immigrants from Bulgaria arrived in the s.s. Nicola Vaptzarov yesterday.

* * *

1,000 tons of cement from Bulgaria arrived at Haifa Port yesterday while 1,000 tons of copra for oil production are due on Thursday.

* * *

Charged with breaking the windows of a synagogue in Bnei Aliya in Tel Aviv while drunk Eliezer Ben Amram, 28, of Holon, was released in bail by the Magistrate's Court yesterday.

* * *

The new quarter in Ramle, built by the Nesa Oved Company, is to be called Neve David after the late David Remez. Neve David in Tel Aviv (the "Ex-Officer's Quarter") was named for the late Col. Davis Marcus.

* * *

Inter-urban taxi rates have been increased as follows, according to a notice dated October 16 and gazetted on Thursday: Jerusalem-Tel Aviv, from IL.0.800 to IL.0.870; Tel Aviv-Haifa, from IL.0.575 to IL.1.050; Jerusalem-Haifa, IL.1.800.

* * *

Five residents of the Herzlia and Pardess Katz ma'barot were arrested yesterday for stealing fruit from nearby groves... Haviva and Berracha Mordechai, aged 21 and 19, respectively, were sentenced to a month's imprisonment each by the Petah Tikva Magistrate on Friday for stealing oranges from a grove near their home.

J'lem Bus Station Site Approved

The site of Jerusalem's central bus station, in the new Hakirya area, has been finally approved by the Government, Mr. S.Z. Shragai, the Mayor, told the Jerusalem Municipality last night. He was advised of the Government's approval yesterday by Mr. M. Shattner, Jerusalem Development Commissioner.

The problem of a site for a wholesale fruit and vegetable market has not yet been solved, since the owner of the plot originally selected for the market had appealed against its requisition. Other areas are now being considered.

The final discussion on Jerusalem's cemeteries will be held next week, as the Mayor had not yet received a reply on the legal aspects of the case, which were raised last week.

Unsafe Buildings

The Municipal Engineer, Dr. L. Berger, told the Council that his department was holding weekly meetings with representatives of the Custodian of Abandoned Property and the Jewish Agency's Absorption Department on the question of unsafe houses and buildings in danger of collapse. He stated that houses were being demolished or evacuated according to the extent of the danger in specific cases.

Debts owed to the Municipality by various quarters of the city on account of road repairs and drainage installations are now being examined by a subcommittee.

Among the other matters discussed were the shortage of street lanterns and the reasons for the scanty response by contractors to the Municipality's request for bids for Municipal projects.

Celebrate Birthday Of Farming Union

PETAH TIKVA, Sunday.—The 40th anniversary of the Agricultural Workers Union was celebrated at a mass rally here tonight, attended by some 1,000 guests.

The meeting was opened at the Heichal Hall by Mr. Avraham Harzfeld, M.K., Mr. Y. Sprinzak, Knesset Speaker, who worked as an agricultural labourer in Petah Tikva 30 years ago, addressed the rally.

Other speakers included Mr. N. Harpaz, chairman of the Histadrut's Agricultural Centre and Mr. A. Zisling, M.K., who described the origins of the movement, its creation and development.

The Union's anniversary was also noted by the Jewish Agency Executive at its meeting in Jerusalem.

(Press Comment — Page 2)

Ration News

Southern District: Eggs: 5, Bayin 34, visitors, 8, Ill persons; Hot 45, Gimel 18, Chicken: Aleph 2, Bet 6, Gimel 16, as indicated; 250 grams to aged persons; Heh 32. Fish: 150 grams, Mem 41, visitors 50; Beersheba and Lydda, Mem 42, visitors 41. Tomatoes: 250 grams, Kaf 41, visitors 40; Beersheba and Lydda, Yod 3, visitors 42. Clementines: 500 grams, in Petah Tikva, Lydda, Beersheba, Yod 6, visitors 47; other areas, Yod 32, visitors 46. Butter: to ill persons only.

Tel Aviv: Chocolate: One bar of special chocolate to diabetics, distribution at special stations.

Maximum prices of oranges and grapefruits are 65 gruts the kilo in all places except Jerusalem, the Southern District (starting at Migdal Ashkelon), the Negev and Galilee, where the price is 70 gruts the kilo. The price of sugar is 70 gruts per kilo, and of rice, 60 gruts per kilo.

Left, Right Stymie Tel Aviv Council

TEL AVIV, Sunday. — This city's business bogged down at the opening of tonight's session of the Municipal Council when the Herut, Communist and Mapam factions tried to press for a discussion of Israel's negotiations with Germany. Their move was defeated by the rest of the Council.

Dr. S. Fishelev (Herut) made the initial motion to discuss the matter and was seconded by Miss Esther Wilenska (Communist) who asked for the passage of a resolution against negotiations. Mayor I. Rokach proposed that any discussion be postponed until the various parties could confer among themselves. This motion was accepted by the majority.

Most councillors had objected to the discussion on the grounds that this was a matter for the Knesset, and that the Municipality had more pressing business of its own to attend to. Herut and the left parties, rarely allied on any matter before, maintained that the subject was of sufficient public interest to be discussed by the Council.

Following the vote, several Council members discussed the report of Dr. A. Marcus, Municipal Director of Education, presented to the last session. Speakers reaffirmed the need for increased and speedier building of classrooms for Tel Aviv's growing school population.

Mr. I. Gurf (Mapam), for 22 years a Council member, announced at the close of his remarks on the report, that he had handed his resignation from the Council to Mayor Rokach. Mr. Gurf, who is known to be suffering from ill health, said that he welcomed being a "constructive member of the Opposition" all these years. At the same time, he decried the Mayor's failure to utilize to better advantage the capabilities of Labour members who had been in opposition all these years.

Impressive Armistice Ceremony at Ramle

TEL AVIV, Sunday. — A short, but impressive, ceremony was held at the Ramle British War Cemetery this morning, in memory of the dead of two World Wars buried there. The service was led by the Rev. R. G. Allison of the Anglican Church in Jaffa. The Lesson was read by the British Minister, Sir Knox Helm, who later placed a wreath on a grave. The Last Post and Reveille were sounded by a bugler of the Israel Defence Forces.

Among those present were Mrs. Vera Weizmann, who laid flowers on the memorial monument; a senior officer of the Defence forces; Sgan Aluf D. Arnon, A.D.C. to the President; Mr. J. Ingram, of the Australian Legation, who represented the Australian Minister; the Military and Air Attaches of the British Legation; and Consular officials; a delegation of Jewish ex-servicemen and a group of Arab residents of Ramle.

In Jerusalem, British Consul General Mr. H.H.D. Gybbon-Monypenny and members of his staff crossed the lines from the Old City at Mandelbaum Gate to attend service at St. Andrew's.

In Haifa, the service at the War Graves Cemetery was read by Rev. R. E. Adeney of the Anglican Church, while wreaths were laid by the British, French and Italian consuls and by representatives of the Army, Municipality and the Ex-Servicemen's Organization. A memorial service was also chanted by Cantor Y. Lehrer for Jewish war dead. The Last Post and Reveille were sounded by an Army Band bugler.

A short ceremony was also held at the Beersheba Military Cemetery, where Mr. Ingram laid a wreath, Israel buglers sounded Last Post and Reveille. Among those present were the British Military and Air Attaches, Miss Mary McPherson, of the Australian Legation, and Mr. and Mrs. John Wilson, of the British Legation.

The Israel Defence Forces were represented by a Sgan Aluf of the Air Force.

The Jordan authorities this year again rejected an Israel request made through the Israel-Jordan Mixed Armistice Commission, for permission to send two official representatives to the War Memorial Cemetery on Mt. Scopus. The service at the cemetery was, however, attended by Israel police guards on duty at the Hadassah and University buildings.

RASHISH MAYOR OF PETAH TIKVA

PETAH TIKVA, Sunday. — Mr. Pinhas Rashish, (Mapai), was elected mayor of this town tonight, against strong opposition. Mr. M. Krausmann (Hapoel Hamizrahi) the former Mayor, and Mr. J. Edelman (Poale Agudat Israel) were elected Deputy Mayors. Mr. Rashish received the nine votes of Mapai, Mapam, Hapoel Hamizrahi and Poale Agudat Israel, while his opponent, Mr. S. Katz, got the eight votes of the General Zionists, Mizrahi, Agudat Israel and Herut.

Army Helps 24 Ma'barot

TEL AVIV, Sunday. — Army personnel moved into 24 larger ma'barot today, in accordance with the agreement reached between the Government and the Jewish Agency. The Army will be responsible for camp routine, sanitary measures, Hebrew lessons and drainage until April 1, 1952. It will not provide medical care, food, communications or carry out police duties, which will remain the responsibility of the civil authorities.

There were no official ceremonies connected with the taking over. The Army's assumption of responsibility will be gradual and is expected to take a few days.

US Congressman Tours Israel

TEL AVIV, Sunday. — One of the Congressmen who played a big part in pushing through the U.S. grant-in-aid to Israel, Mr. Abraham Ribicoff, of Hartford, Connecticut, has just completed a whirlwind four-day tour of the country.

A member of the House of Representatives' Committee on Foreign Affairs, Mr. Ribicoff stated that his visit was part of an attempt to inform the Committee about conditions in those countries receiving economic and military aid. He has also visited France, Spain, Italy, Yugoslavia and Greece.

"It's important that this country should not be overly-sensitive about American aid," the Congressman said, in an interview at the Ramat Aviv Hotel tonight. "There is no basis to fear that the U.S. will force its philosophy on Israel. It is our belief—and it is my hope — that Israel's future lies with the West. We believe Israel's policy will be so oriented. I feel there is a place for Israel in SACME."

Questioned about any recommendations he might make to the Foreign Affairs Committee, Mr. Ribicoff said that he had not had time to sift his many impressions. It was too early to think of recommendations.

He said he had been staggered by the various types of immigrants; impressed with the principle of Army training to integrate people into the country; satisfied that any fears of Israel expansionism were unfounded; and that he was tired from an 8 a.m. to midnight schedule.

U.S. GRANT-IN-AID

TEL AVIV, Sunday. — The Israel Government has not yet determined the sum to be requested from the U.S. for a grant-in-aid for the 1952 fiscal year. Reports published abroad that Israel would ask for $200m. were incorrect, a Foreign Ministry spokesman said here today, as the whole matter was still under consideration.

Conflicting Rulings By District Courts

TEL AVIV, Sunday. — The District Court here last week, in direct opposition to a Jerusalem District Court ruling a fortnight ago, held that Anti-Profiteering Tribunals did not have exclusive juriadiction in profiteering and black market cases and that the Magistrate's Courts could also hear such cases.

The conflicting decisions, in effect, leave the matter up to the discretion of the individual judges, until the issue is decided in the Supreme Court, or until the regulations are clarified by the Ministry of Justice.

The Attorney General's office is most eager that the interpretation of the Tel Aviv court be the binding one. Otherwise hundreds of cases already heard by the Magistrates could be declared null and void.

Nylons and Watches Reported in Luggage

TEL AVIV, Sunday. — A search of a tourist's luggage at Lydda Airport yesterday morning allegedly revealed 370 gold watches and 1,800 pairs of nylon stockings hidden in the false bottoms of five suitcases. The tourist, whose name has been withheld pending further investigations, told a Custom's officer that he had nothing to declare.

The man was remanded in custody for 15 days by Magistrate Z. Waldman here today.

Cocaine and Hashish

Two Arab infiltrators, arrested in the Katamon quarter of Jerusalem, last month, were committed for trial before a Military Tribunal by Jerusalem Magistrate A. Eden yesterday, on a charge of carrying arms.

Cocaine and hashish were allegedly found on the two men. Two civilians and a policeman who had also been arrested in connection with the case, have been released.

Guilty Shopkeepers To Lose Licences

TEL AVIV, Sunday (ITIM). —Licences will be withdrawn from shopkeepers found to be implicated in forgeries of sickration food coupons and their premises will be closed, the Food Controller has decided.

Investigations of the cases of the 30 dealers arrested so far, have shown that many of them had not only forged coupons, but had also misled ill persons by informing them that the coupons presented by them had already been withdrawn by the Food Controller. The meat or poultry was then drawn by the dealers against these coupons and apparently sold on the black market.

Acting on information that three applications for sick rations were supported by forged medical certificates, Jerusalem police yesterday arrested a suspect, Avraham Lopez of the Mahaneret Moshe Market. He was later released on bail.

ACCUSED OF HAVING CHILD PICK POCKETS

TEL AVIV, Sunday (ITIM).—A child of six, wearing a woollen suit and a sailor's cap, was described as a "criminal" before Magistrate Z. Waldman here today.

The child is thought by police to have been sent to pick the pockets of passengers crowded in the Central Bus Station here by two 21-year-old men, Daniel Ya'acov and Naim Razbi. The two were each remanded for 15 days, while the child was sent home to its parents in Hadera.

Two Wives Held For Stealing Shoes

RAMLE, Sunday (ITIM). — Some shirts and 17 pairs of shoes believed to be stolen property, were found in a search of the house of an Arab merchant here today. The goods were allegedly stolen by his two wives.

Every day last week, the two women went to the shop of Mrs. R. Wilkovsky, in the main road here, to buy shoes. While one of the wives argued about the fit and prices, the other stood at the side of the shop and slipped shoes into her bag. Only on Friday afternoon did the shop owner notice what the other woman was doing. Police were summoned, and searched their husband's house.

EXPERIENCED
English Correspondent
with initiative
offers his services on part or full-time terms.
Apply: Engelberg, Eldorado Hotel, Central Carmel, Haifa.

WE CLEAN and chemically dye SHOES (antelope and other kinds of leather), handbags, leather upholstery, leather coats, etc.
"LACO"
13A Allenby Rd., Tel Aviv. Tel. 3979.

Impresarios:
B. GILLON - K. GINSBURG
Towards the forthcoming recitals of the young, celebrated violinist, soloist of the New York Philharmonic, Boston, Detroit and London Philharmonic Orchestras;
YFRAH NEAMAN
with participation of the pianist-composer
HOWARD FERGUSON
Leading pianist of the B.B.C., London.
PRESS ACCLAIM:
"A Great Violinist" — "Het Dagblad," The Hague.
"A talent that is electrical" — "The Daily Express," London.
"Brilliant young violinist" — "The Times Herald," Washington.
"A violinist of musicianship and ample technique" — "Herald Tribune," New York.
"A new force in the world of music" — "Rand Daily Mail," Johannesburg.
"DECCA" RECORDS
Details in special posters.

Tourists and Visitors to Jerusalem
are invited to attend
FILM SHOWS ON LIFE IN ISRAEL
at the Keren Hayesod Head Office auditorium
presented daily from 11.30 a.m. to 12.30 p.m.

NOTICE
Owners of our refrigerators whose guarantees are about to expire, please write to P.O.B. 803 Haifa Bay, for their extension for a further year.
Renewal of guarantees can only be effected direct from factory.
KESTENBAUM MFG. CO. LTD.
P.O.B. 803, HAIFA BAY.
Only factory in Israel equipped and staffed for the rebuilding of Sealed Units.

Arabs and French Both Unhappy

By Maurice Carr
POST Correspondent

PARIS, Sunday. — The Arab states were not unduly depressed by the Assembly Steering Committee's voting to defer a decision as to whether the Moroccan question should come before the Assembly.

Postponing consideration of the Arab request to include in the agenda the Arab League's complaint that the French Protectorate regime in Morocco was violating human rights did not make the French delegation too happy either. For one thing, the decision to defer was taken by a narrow vote of six to four, with four abstentions, and the Arabs are again raising the issue before the plenary of the General Assembly, where the decisive battle remains to be fought, and for which the Arabs with the backing of the Soviet bloc, and the French — with the support of the British — are now busily canvassing support.

The Canadian motion in the Steering Committee to withhold a decision for the time being was supported by Norway, France, the Dominican Republic, Canada, the U.S. and Britain. Poland, Iraq, Yugoslavia and Russia voted against, while Chile, China, Mexico and Thailand abstained.

On the other hand, the wording of the Canadian resolution, which was inspired by the U.S., revealed a perturbing "wait-and-see" attitude on the part of the Americans. France wanted an outright rejection of the Arab request. The U.S. has commercial interests, openly clashing with the French in Morocco. But at the same time, it did not wish to alienate a leading member of NATO.

So at first the U.S. intended to abstain from the vote, but finally, in order to register disapproval with the neutralist tendencies of the Arab countries, the U.S. drew closer to the French and further from the Arabs by asking for an indefinite adjournment.

The U.S. attitude, however, remains vague enough to worry the French and encourage the Arabs.

Informed observers thought it likely that the plenary session might reverse the Steering Committee decision and admit the item on Morocco for debate, Reuter reports. Reasons given for this view were that some Latin American countries might have pledged their support to the seven Arab countries in the Assembly in return for Arab support on other issues.

POLES ASK EVIDENCE

TEL AVIV, Sunday (ITIM).—Following a formal request from the Polish Government, Mr. Ya'acov Busak, 55, of Tel Aviv, today gave evidence before the District Court, against a war criminal now on trial in Warsaw.

Mr. Busak gave details of the behaviour of Franz Green, an S.S. man who was deputy commander the Pleshov camp in 1943.

NOTICE
I hereby give notice that I have applied to the Haifa Municipality for renewal of my Wholesaler's licence for the year 1952 for the sale of intoxicating liquors at 61 Jaffa Road, Haifa.
sgd. JEAN M. SUIDAN

NOTICE
I hereby give notice that I have applied to the Haifa Municipality for renewal of my Retailer's "OFF" licence for the year 1952, for the sale of intoxicating liquors at 61 Jaffa Road, Haifa.
sgd. JEAN M. SUIDAN

MISSING large lead garden ornament in shape of rooster, from premises, 10 Persian St., Haifa, since Sunday night Nov. 4. Reward for information leading to its recovery.
Said Suidan

Glubb Pasha Flies Back to Jordan

LONDON, Sunday (UP).—Brigadier Glubb Pasha, British Commander of Jordan's Arab Legion, left here by plane for Jordan last night, accompanied by his wife and two adopted children.

He refused to discuss the Middle Eastern situation.

Rumours On Pontecorvo

LONDON, Sunday (Reuter).—British Government departments and atom scientists could give no confirmation today of press reports that Professor Bruno Pontecorvo, British atom expert who vanished a year ago, had been arrested by the Russians as a spy.

They knew nothing that would either amplify or discount the reports.

The burden of the stories, all quoting refugees from Russia, is that the Italian-born physicist, formerly one of the "brains" of the main British atomic research plant at Harwell, had been seized after being ordered back to Russia from Kulja in the north-western Chinese province of Sinkiang where Russia was quoted to be building a big atomic plant.

An official of the Ministry of Supply, which controls atom research in Britain, said: "It is intriguing, if it were true, that such news should have percolated through the Iron Curtain."

It was pointed out that similar reports had been circulated for several weeks without confirmation. Professor Rotblat, spokesman for the Atomic Scientists' Association, had heard nothing from or about Pontecorvo.

I.P.O. Youth Concerts Start Next Month

TEL AVIV, Sunday. — The first of a series of five special youth concerts will be given here by the Israel Philharmonic Orchestra, under the auspices of the Municipality's Department of Education and Culture, on December 4. The concerts will be on a subscription basis for schoolchildren between the ages of 14 and 18. They will be under the baton of two guest and three local conductors.

The emphasis in this year's series of youth concerts will be on the use and development of wind instruments, with a view to encouraging greater interest in this section of the orchestra, in connection with the scholarships being offered by the I.P.O. to young wind instrumentalists.

LOST
Bank of America traveller's cheques (value $50 — three 10's, one 20), issued to Lester Macier. Use of the cheques is hereby invalidated. Finder please return to The Jerusalem Post, Jerusalem. Reward.

NOTICE
I hereby give notice that I have applied to the Haifa Municipality for renewal of my Retailer's "OFF" licence for the year 1952, for the sale of intoxicating liquors at 19 Elijah St., Haifa.
sgd. JEAN M. SUIDAN

Boost Eisenhower To Oppose Taft

POST Correspondent

NEW YORK, Sunday. — Continuing the aggressive campaign by Mr. Tom Dewey and his friends to stop Senator Robert Taft and secure the Republican presidential nomination next year for General Dwight Eisenhower, yesterday's "N.Y. Times" and "Herald Tribune" gave front-page prominence to a statement by Mr. J. Russell Sprague, Long Island Republican leader, that Eisenhower is a Republican and will accept nomination.

Since Mr. Sprague did not see the General during the latter's recent visit, his assurances presumably stem from Mr. Dewey. Although Mr. Dewey did not see Gen. Eisenhower either, he had several lengthy conversations with him.

In order to increase Eisenhower's palatability to Republican right-wingers, who are certain he can and will accept nomination but are afraid of buying a "pig in a poke," Mr. Dewey and his friends are guaranteeing the authenticity of this week's "scoop" by Mr. Arthur Krock in the "N.Y. Times" that General Eisenhower refused President Truman's offer of a Democratic nomination because he disagreed with the Democratic labour and economic policy.

Labour Opposition

Gen. Eisenhower has never stated his views on any important question except social security and pensions for all workers — to which he was opposed. This opinion was resurrected by Mr. Emil Mazey, an officer of the Automobile Workers Union, at the C.I.O. convention here on Friday. Amid cheers of the delegates, Mr. Mazey said there was nothing in Gen. Eisenhower's record that "would indicate he is an acceptable candidate for President as far as organized labour is concerned."

Both Mr. Mazey and Mr. Philip Murray, who was reelected the C.I.O. president, indicated the organization would again support President Truman if he runs.

Tour with YATOUR
HEAD OFFICE: 23 HAYARKON ST. TEL AVIV TEL. 63163
JERUSALEM TEL. 3393
HAIFA TEL. 82464
CABLE ADDRESS: YATOUR

Cables in Brief

TRADE. — A four year trade agreement has been concluded between Poland and Eastern Germany, it was announced in Warsaw yesterday. The largest foreign trade agreement concluded by either party, it provides for the exchange of German machinery, power installations, oil products and chemicals for Polish coal, lignite, coke, and zinc.

PROTEST. — Yugoslavia has made a formal protest to Bulgaria against "her hostile policy," said in the note to be exemplified in 150 border incidents between January 1 and October 15. Tanjug reports.

RETURN. — Two American soldiers arrested by East German People's Police yesterday morning while they were hunting on the outskirts of West Berlin were released by the Soviet authorities yesterday afternoon.

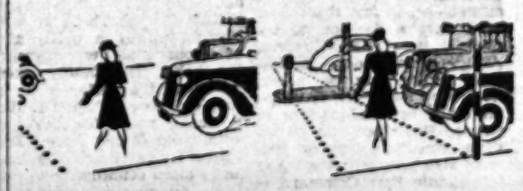
Citrus Exports Position Still Unclear

TEL AVIV, Sunday. — It is not yet known whether Britain's recent announcement of drastic cuts in imports will apply to citrus.

The fact that the Citrus Marketing Board delegation now in Britain had not yet sent any communication on the matter has given rise to a certain cautious optimism among citrus growers here. It is hoped that citrus will be considered enough of a staple food for the winter months to be exempted from any ban.

England's decision will be crucial to Israel's foreign currency income during the coming export season, since about 70 per cent of the fruit still goes to Great-Britain.

OFFERS INVITED
Agency for, licensees for, or supply of goods protected by Israel Patent No. 3389 in respect of an invention for
"IMPROVEMENTS IN OR RELATING TO ANTIKNOCK AGENTS"
in the name of
ETHYL CORPORATION
Interested parties may apply to the patentee through:
S. HOROWITZ & CO. Mizpah House, Jaffa Road, Jerusalem.

CONTROLLER OF ROAD TRANSPORT — ISRAEL POLICE FORCE
DON'T ! DO !

Cross-the-road only at pedestrian crossings
Sponsored by: ZAMIR, Perfumery Manufact. Co. Tel Aviv.

FAMOUS ELECTRONIC HOME APPLIANCES MADE AT THE VICTRA FACTORY IN TEL AVIV NOW AVAILABLE
ON BASIS OF GIFT CERTIFICATES PURCHASED IN U.S.A., GREAT BRITAIN, OR CANADA.
Advise your friends or relatives in the United States, Great Britain, or Canada that they may now provide you with these fine quality, Israel-made household necessities by purchasing gift certificates in your name.
All Electronic brand products carry a one year guarantee and approval of the Standard Institute of Israel. Replacement parts and factory repair service available.
Also... our New York office will ship — on a gift certificate basis — American-made equipment.
SUPPLIES ARE LIMITED — FIRST COME FIRST SERVED.
VICTRA PRODUCTS
Hot Water Boilers ◆ Wall Heaters ◆ Floor Heaters ◆ Automatic Electric Irons ◆ Single Hot Plates ◆ Double Hot Plates ◆ Coffee Percolators ◆
U.S.A. PRODUCTS
Food mixers, Toasters, Radio - phonographs, Washing Machines, Sewing machines, Vacuum cleaners, Electric fans, Automobile tyres and tubes, Typewriters, etc.

VICTRA (ISRAEL) LTD.
Rehov Jaffa, Tel Aviv. Phone 50-800. vis-a-vis Wagner. New York Office: 50 East 42nd St., New York 17, N. Y.
Makers of Modern Design Electrical Appliances

Visitors from Abroad
ASK AT YOUR HOTEL FOR
BENSON and HEDGES
SUPER VIRGINIA CIGARETTES
When only the best will do

THOUSANDS OF PRIZES IN THE SECOND DRAW OF THE LOTTERY PROJECT

THE JERUSALEM POST

Founded as The Palestine Post in 1932. Published daily, except Saturday, in Jerusalem by The Palestine Post Ltd. Registered at the G.P.O.

Founder and Editor: Gershon Agron.
Managing Editor: Ted R. Lurie.
Editorial Office & Management: 9 Rehov Hahavatzelet, Jerusalem, P.O.B. 81. Tel. 4233 (4 lines).
Tel Aviv Bureau: 32 Nahlat Benyamin: P.O.B. 1128. Tel. 4351 (2 lines). Haifa: 1 Khayat St. P.O.B. 66. Tel. 4324 (3 lines).
Subscription IL.13.400 p.a. Advertising rates on request.
The right is reserved to make changes in the wording of advertisements or to postpone insertions when space is not available.

Monday, November 12, 1951
Heshvan 13, 5712. Sefer 12, 1371

U.K. Ministries Coordinate

Four of Mr. Churchill's new Ministers — Mr. Harold Macmillan (Housing), Mr. Oliver Lyttleton (Colonial Secretary), Lord Ismay (Commonwealth Relations) and Lord Leathers (Co-ordination of Transport, Fuel and Power) — shown together after the first meeting of the new British Cabinet. Express Photo

DEFENCE AND POLITICS

THE declaration of principles published on Saturday by the sponsoring powers brings the establishment of the Middle East Command several steps nearer. The document is to be seen primarily as an attempt to provide answers to questions which have been asked in many quarters concerning the nature and structure of the new defence organization. Prominent among these were questions relating to the form which the association of individual states within the command would take and to the effect which the command, once established and functioning, would have on existing agreements. While it cannot be claimed that the sponsoring powers have even now clarified all the points of ambiguity and doubt, the declaration of principles certainly makes the position a good deal clearer than it was.

The declaration follows from, though it in no way supersedes, the two earlier communications made to the Middle East governments last month.

It speaks of "states joining in the defence of the Middle East," but it does not go back on the previous announcement that there is no intention, for the time being, of inviting states to join. It is clear that after Egypt's brusque refusal to come in as a founder member, the sponsoring powers are in no hurry to extend further invitations—at least until Middle Eastern states have had time to assess the situation a little more coolly. Until now they have had little chance of weighing issues clearly; and it is at least possible that there would have been less confusion of the kind that led to the Syrian government's resignation if the declaration of principles had been made available to interested governments together with the original announcement on October 13.

Reuters was strictly accurate when it spoke in yesterday's message of "the future Middle East Command." The Command itself is not yet in existence: so far there has been only a decision to establish it. The "Supreme Allied Commander, Middle East" exists only on paper; he has no name yet, let alone an office or headquarters or troops. But there can be no doubt that from now on progress will be rapid, and when the Middle East Command is established, as it must be soon, it will influence every state in the region, whether it likes it or not. No state will be able to affect indifference, or claim that the Command is its neighbours' affair but not its own. The dispute which has sprung up in the Arab world since the decision to establish the Command was announced is indicative of how, even at this preliminary stage, the minds of men are exercised by the pros and cons of an issue which most, perhaps, would have been glad to evade, but on which all today are compelled to take a stand.

Israel is essentially of the free world. She would fight for her liberties, her way of life and her independence whether there were a Middle East Command or not, and in this sense it may be said that the establishment of the Command is irrelevant to the basic decisions which her Government and people took long ago. Israel can be relied upon to play her full part in defence, whether she joins the Middle East Command or not, and whether the Arab states join it or not. For Israel, self defence is not a matter of politics. The stake is her survival as a free nation—the cause for which so many of her young men and women have laid down their lives.

Greece May Abolish Military Courts

ATHENS, Sunday (Reuter). — Abolition of special military tribunals created during the post-war Communist rising in Greece is provided for in a law introduced in Parliament here by the Progressive-Liberal coalition cabinet of General Plastiras.

Since the end of the civil war, the tribunals have continued to try those charged with offences "against the security of the state."

Twenty thousand people are at present detained in Greece, 1,868 of them under death sentences passed by the tribunals.

By PHILIP VERNON

LONDON.—

IN the rearrangement of Cabinet posts, Mr. Churchill is clearly going to rely a great deal in his new cabinet on the co-ordinating Ministers, who will supervise and concert the policies of a number of related departments. Lord Woolton was appointed to such a position, as Lord President of the Council, responsible for food and agricultural policy.

Next came the appointment of Lord Leathers as Secretary of State for Co-ordination of Transport, Fuel and Power. This is a new post, and his task will be to supervise and co-ordinate policy affecting the industries coming under the Ministry of Fuel and Power and the Ministry of Transport. Some similar arrangement is expected to be made to concert the policies of all departments concerned with production.

Health Service

Lord Leathers is a natural appointment for Mr. Churchill to make. It was Mr. Churchill who, in 1941, brought him from the comparative obscurity of a business career to become wartime Minister of Shipping and Transport.

Another interesting appointment was that of Captain Harry Crookshank to the Ministry of Health. The National Health Service is approaching a crisis, and some difficult decisions may have to be taken by the new Minister — in the face of a Labour opposition which regards the Health Service as its own creation and is suspicious of any "tampering" with it. Captain Crookshank is certainly not lacking in courage, and this may well be why he has been appointed to one of the most difficult positions in the Cabinet.

He is also to act as Deputy Leader of the House of Commons to Mr. Eden. This is important because of Mr. Eden's heavy burden in combining the Foreign Secretaryship with the Leadership of the House and the by no means purely nominal position of Deputy Prime Minister. Captain Crookshank has a long experience of the House and an intimate knowledge of its procedure. He should be able to relieve Mr. Eden of a great part of his load.

Housing Task

Mr. Harold Macmillan, who was once identified with the most progressive wing of the Conservative Party, and who has considerable intellect and judgment, now finds himself in charge of housing. There is no doubt that Mr. Macmillan's task is a hard one. It is not made any easier by the fact that during the election the Conservatives virtually promised to build 300,000 houses a year — that is, 100,000 more than the Labour Government succeeded in building. With the present shortage of manpower and materials it would not be surprising if Mr. Macmillan failed to fulfil this promise: and if he does fail he will have to answer to every Labour backbencher in the House of Commons.

Eden's Right Hand

Another noteworthy appointment was that of Mr. Selwyn Lloyd as Minister of State at the Foreign Office. In his first Ministerial appointment, he thus becomes Mr. Eden's right hand man: a very rapid rise to prominence. An able lawyer, he has been a member of the House of Commons for only six years. There are many who prophesy a distinguished political career for him. He is only 47.

OFNS Copyright

Readers' Letters

POTASH EXPORTS

To the Editor of The POST

Sir, — The article by Mr. A. Novomeysky in *The Post* of September 26 is a long overdue reply to a question many Americans have been asking for the past three years: Why does Israel deliberately pass up an opportunity to earn 45-10 million annually in potash exports?

The failure to begin exploitation of Israel's one major natural resource has been quoted here as indication of why the Jewish State is not likely to achieve economic stability. Israel, it is argued, prefers to concentrate her efforts on raising gift dollars, rather than stepping up dollar earnings. It is an argument that is hard to refute. On the one hand there is a world demand for potash; on the other, there are considerable Israel deposits of potash; and above all there are a million things which Israel needs desperately and which she could obtain in exchange for potash.

During the Israel-Arab war everyone in this country admired the ingenuity and speed with which the "Burma Road" to Jerusalem was built, in a few weeks. Today it seems as if the road to the plant at Sdom will never be finished.

It is not for us here to assess the blame. But if the Israel Government and Knesset really want to convert potash into foreign exchange they can do so and quickly. Of course, it takes time to find a solution to the problem of private or public ownership of the concession; but surely 3½ years are ample. If only one cabinet minister would concentrate on this business until the first dollars are earned, he would accomplish more constructive results than a hundred party politicians. Until then, it seems, millions in foreign exchange will be lost every year.

Yours, etc.
WERNER LOEBL
New York.

KEEPING POSTED

A crowded bus stopped near Tel Aviv and a young Yemenite woman got in, hustling a troop of small children up the steps ahead of her, and followed by several more, a little larger. The rear was brought up by a pretty girl of about nine, who carried the baby. The family lined up along the aisle, while a couple of people shifted a little to make room for the girl with child in her arms. The driver looked down the line and started counting the small faces, all equally aglow with

scrubbing and curiosity, and all turned to the census taker. When he got to eight he lost count, the passengers laughed, and there was an answering grin from the mother. He began again, made it eight, and looked to the mother for confirmation. She acknowledged the count with a nod and offered in explanation "Ben Gurion says he wants a lot of children for Israel."

• • •

MR. Yitzhak Sadeh, the bearded former Palmach commander whose panegyric on Stalin flowed in so well-groomed a stream in his "Al Hamishmar" campfire column on Friday was always less haphazard in his dress than most members of the Palmach, and enjoyed an added venerability lent by his trim grey beard. Early during the War of Liberation, he once recounted, he was driving his own jeep back to headquarters and was stopped by a young soldier who asked for a lift. He asked where the boy wanted to go, and then replied, "That's my own camp, so get in". Idly he asked his passenger what job he was on. The boy told him and then, studying the beard and the military cap, asked shyly, "and I suppose you are the military Rabbi, Sir?". Despite the beard, however, we don't think General Sadeh has qualified for the Stalin Prize. For he has to compete with the following verse by the poet, Kh. Alimjan, who wrote in "Izvestia":

Beloved Stalin—you are our sun!
Your fame is reflected in centuries.
You are the heart-beat of the epoch
You are the brains and the fire of the epoch.

• • •

HAVING been thus concerned with foreign affairs this week, we thought to inquire how the new telephone service to Iceland was doing. The first clerk said no, there wasn't one. He agreed to consult a superior, who came back after a while and said she had heard about it, and it had certainly been in the papers, but she didn't know the details—nobody had asked for a call yet.

• • •

A correspondent who has apparently been house-hunting for a long time is fascinated by the report that 60 prisoners were recently released before they had finished their sentences because the prison was overcrowded. He comments that they were probably the only occupants of premises in Israel who would allow themselves to be turned out before the date agreed. "If business continues to be so good in this line", he writes, "prospective offenders will soon have to wait their turn to commit their crime and go to jail, or pay key-money if they are in a hurry."

• • •

A relative from England came to stay with a family we know, and after a while she produced a list of people for whom she had greetings and messages. Among the addresses she had noted was one that seemed puzzling, reading merely "the Chicken Den(?)". The only thing she was sure of was that the people concerned did not keep poultry.

Three days later it dawned on somebody. The address was "Shikun Dan". (Some Chicken, Some Neck!)

Today's contributors are Dora Katz, Kfar Vitkin, Trifolium, Tel Aviv, and Ben Foreman of Jerusalem.

הטכניון העברי בחיפה
HEBREW INSTITUTE of TECHNOLOGY, HAIFA

Applications are invited for the following vacancies:

1) **Lecturer or Instructor in Building Materials;**
2) **Senior Lecturer or Lecturer or Instructor in Hydraulics;**
3) **Assistants in Hydraulics and Hydraulic Engineering.**

Those interested in the above-mentioned positions are requested to submit their applications, including curriculum vitae and copies of testimonials, before November 30, 1951, to the Secretary for Academic Staff, who will be glad to supply further details.

The Technion reserves the right not to make appointments to any position for which no suitable applications have been received.

November 11, 1951.

Something New in Israel!
ROTATION PICTURE SERIAL
Ask for a free demonstration at your home

PHOTO PAPP
10 JERUSALEM ST. HAIFA
THE STUDIO FOR MODERN PICTURES

NICOSIA PALACE HOTEL
Telegr. "PALAHOTEL"
NICOSIA (CYPRUS)

- FIRST CLASS HOTEL
- UNSURPASSED CUISINE
- SITUATED RIGHT IN THE HEART OF NICOSIA CLOSE TO THE MAIN SHOPPING CENTRE

NOTICE TO DRIVERS

The Ministry of Communications—Controller of Road Transport — and the Israel Traffic Police, call upon all drivers to drive with increased care during the approaching rainy season.

Drivers are requested to have their vehicles examined. Controlled condition of the vehicle will safeguard both the drivers and the pedestrians.

The tyres and wind-screen wipers should be examined, and care should be taken over the cleanliness of the windscreen.

Drivers should travel slowly, remembering that on a wet road, after heavy rainfall, the time-lag after application of the brakes is double that on a fine day.

Drivers must avoid sudden application of brakes and fast driving.

It is forbidden to drive quickly along narrow lanes, and care should be taken against skidding off the paved road.

Controller of Road Transport.
Ministry of Communications.

Closing the Ring (XVII) — *Winston Churchill's War Memoirs*

Chiang's 'Invasion' Plan Turned Down

Mr. Churchill and President Roosevelt held a second Cairo conference with their staffs on their return from Teheran on December 4, 1943. The President had committed to Gen. Chiang Kai-shek to launch an amphibious attack across the Bay of Bengal. This would have employed landing-craft which Mr. Churchill desired to use in the Mediterranean for the capture of Rhodes, thus perhaps bringing Turkey into the war.

ON the afternoon of Dec. 4 we held our first plenary meeting, but made little headway.

The President, summing up the discussion, asked whether he was correct in thinking that there was general agreement on the following points:

a) Nothing should be done to hinder "Overlord."

b) Nothing should be done to hinder "Anvil."

c) By hook or by crook we should scrape up sufficient landing-craft to operate in the Eastern Mediterranean if Turkey came into the war.

d) Admiral Mountbatten should be told to go ahead and do his best (in the Bay of Bengal) with what had already been allocated to him.

On this last point I suggested that it might be necessary to withdraw resources from Mountbatten in order to strengthen "Overlord" and "Anvil." The President said that he could not agree with this. We had a moral obligation to do something for China, and he would not be prepared to forgo the amphibious operation except for some very good and readily apparent reason.

I replied that this "very good reason" might be provided by our supreme adventure in France. At present the "Overlord" assault was only on a three-division basis, whereas we had put nine divisions ashore in Sicily on the first day. The main operation was at present on a very narrow margin.

On Dec. 5 we met again and the report of the Combined Staffs on operations in the European theatre was read out by the President and agreed. Everything was now narrowed down to the Far Eastern operation. Rhodes had receded in the picture, and I concentrated on getting the landing-craft for "Anvil" and the Mediterranean.

Asian Demands

A new factor had presented itself. The estimates of the South-East Asia Command of the force needed to storm the Andamans had been startling. The President said that 14,000 should be sufficient. Anyhow, the 50,000 men proposed (by South-East Asia Command) certainly broke the back of the Andamans expedition so far as this meeting was concerned.

It was agreed for the moment that Mountbatten should be asked what amphibious operations he could undertake on a smaller scale, on the assumption that most of the landing-craft and assault shipping were withdrawn from South-East Asia during the next few weeks. Thus we parted, leaving Mr. Roosevelt much distressed.

In the afternoon the President, in consultation with his advisers, decided to abandon the Andaman Islands plan. He sent me a laconic private message: "'Buccaneer' is off." Gen. Ismay reminds me that when I told him the welcome news cryptically on the telephone that the President had changed his mind and was so informing Chiang Kai-shek, I said: "He is a better man that ruleth his spirit than he that taketh a city."

We all met together at 7.30 p.m. that evening at the Kirk Villa to go over the final report of the Conference. The Southern France assault operation was formally approved and the President read out his signal to Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek, informing him of the decision to abandon the Andamans plan.

The Combined Chiefs of Staff also discussed among themselves the British share in the strategy to be pursued against Japan, and presented their recommendations to the President and me in their Final Report of the Cairo Conference. In summary, they proposed that the main effort of the South-East Asia Command should be in Burma. After the defeat of Germany an Army and air contingent with air resources all based on Australia should be sent to co-operate with Gen. MacArthur. The British effort by sea should be mainly in the Pacific and not in the Bay of Bengal.

The British Chiefs of Staff, like myself, recoiled from the idea of a strenuous and wasteful campaign in North Burma for the sake of building a road to China of doubtful value. On the other hand they accepted the fact that Adml. Mountbatten could not carry out any large-scale amphibious operations until six months after a German collapse. The plan of reinforcing the Pacific could be begun much sooner. They therefore endorsed the American view.

Command of "Overlord"

In all our many talks at Cairo the President never referred to the vital and urgent issue of the command of "Overlord," and I was under the impression that our original arrangement and agreement held good. But on the day before his departure from Cairo he told me his final decision.

We were driving in his motor-car from Cairo to the Pyramids. He then said, almost casually, that he could not spare Gen. Marshall, whose great influence at the head of military affairs and of the war direction, under the President, was invaluable, and indispensable to the successful conduct of the war.

He therefore proposed to nominate Eisenhower to "Overlord," and asked me for my opinion. I said it was for him to decide, but that we had also the warmest regard for Gen. Eisenhower, and would trust our fortunes to his direction with hearty goodwill.

Mr. Hopkin's biographer (Mr. Robert Sherwood) says that "Roosevelt made the decision on Sunday, Dec 3, against the almost impassioned advice of Hopkins and Stimson, against the known preference of both Stalin and Churchill, against his own proclaimed inclinations." Then Mr. Sherwood quotes the following extract from a note which he had from Gen. Marshall after the war. "If I recall," said Marshall, "the President stated, in completing our conversation, 'I feel I could not sleep at night with you out of the country.'"

As the Conference drew to its close I became conscious of being very tired. For instance, I noticed that I no longer dried myself after my bath, but lay on the bed wrapped in my towel till I dried naturally.

A little after midnight on Dec. 11 I and my personal party left in our York machine for Tunis. Morning saw us over the Tunis airfields. We were directed by a signal not to land where we had been told, and were shifted to another field some 20 miles away. We all got out, and they began to unload the luggage. It would be an hour before motor-cars could come, and then a long drive.

As I sat on my official boxes near the machines I certainly did feel completely worn out. Now, however, came a telephone message from Gen. Eisenhower, who was waiting at the first airfield, that we had been wrongly transferred and that landing was quite possible there. So we scrambled back into our York, and in ten minutes were with him, quite close to his villa.

Ike, always the soul of hospitality, had waited two hours with imperturbable good-humour. I got into his car, and after we had driven for a little while I said, "I am afraid I shall have to stay with you longer than I had planned. I am completely at the end of my tether, and I cannot go on to the front until I have recovered some strength."

All that day I slept, and the next day came fever and symptoms at the base of my lung which were adjudged to portend pneumonia. So here I was at this pregnant moment on the broad of my back amid the ruins of ancient Carthage.

When the X-ray photographs showed that there was a shadow on one of my lungs I found that everything had been diagnosed and foreseen by Lord Moran. Dr. Bedford and other high medical authorities in the Mediterranean and excellent nurses arrived from all quarters as if by magic. The admirable M and B (drug), from which I did not suffer any inconvenience, was used at the earliest moment, and after a week's fever the intruders were repulsed.

World Copyright reserved by Cooperation Press Service. Reproduction, even partially, in any language, strictly prohibited. Exclusive rights in Israel owned by The Jerusalem Post and "Maariv."

Direct Service from North and Central American Ports to Haifa and Tel Aviv
BY THE ISRAEL SHIPS
s.s. HAIFA s.s. YAFFO
s.s. TEL AVIV s.s. AKKO s.s. ELATH

ISRAEL-AMERICA LINE LTD.
GENERAL AGENTS: SHOHAM MARITIME SERVICES LTD.
Haifa, 7/9 Ha'atzmauth Rd., Tel.: 4480/3/8, P.O.B. 1723
Tel Aviv, 2 Rehov Pinsker, Tel. 2048, 4285/6, P.O.B. 2634
Jerusalem, Rehov Hersl, Generali Bldg., Tel. 5478, P.O.B. 1151
General Agents in U.S.A.:
American Israeli Shipping Co. Inc., 27 William St., New York 5, N.Y.

TEL AVIV-JAFFA MUNICIPAL CORPORATION AND THE DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY

are holding, with the consent of the Central Contests Committee of the Association of Engineers and Architects in Israel, an

Open Competition

among local architects and engineers

FOR A PLAN TO BUILD UP THE "NORDIA" HUT QUARTER AREA IN TEL AVIV

The jury is composed of:
1. I. Rokach, Mayor of Tel Aviv-Jaffa
2. I. Gurion, Director, Development Authority
3. J. Reich, Architect
4. A. Schiller, Architect
5. A. Shag, Architect

The prizes are:
First — IL.750; Second — IL.500; Third — IL.300; Three consolation prizes at IL.100 each; Total: IL.1,850.
The last date of presentation of plans is February 15, 1952.
Detailed conditions of the contest may be obtained at:
1. Engineering Dept., 14 Rehov Dvora Hanevia, Tel Aviv.
2. Assoc. of Engineers & Architects, Jerusalem Branch, 16 Rehov Ben Yehuda, Room 34.
3. Assoc. of Engineers & Architects, Haifa Branch, 15 Rehov Nordau, Hadar Hacarmel.

The Palestine Electric Corporation Ltd.

After cancellation of the restrictions on the use of electricity in industrial undertakings and workshops and for irrigation and water supply purposes, it is not yet possible to introduce any appreciable relaxations of the restrictions in other categories of supply.

In connection with the termination of summer-time the Corporation hereby informs consumers that, with the approval of the Competent Authority, the following schedule of restrictions will apply daily, Saturdays excepted, as from November 11, 1951:—

1. IN RESIDENTIAL PREMISES

a. **LIGHTING:**
From sunset to 8.30 p.m. the use of electricity for lighting is permitted within the following load limits only:
Not exceeding 100 Watts in any room, and not exceeding 60 Watts in any kitchen, balcony or other service room in the residence.
There are no restrictions on electric lighting after 8.30 p.m.

b. **COOKING and BAKING:**
The use of cooking and baking appliances (electric cookers, cooking plates, saucepans, kettles, coffee roasting machines, etc.) is permitted ONLY at the following hours:
MORNING — ONLY before 7 a.m.
AFTERNOON — From 2.30 p.m. to 5 p.m.
EVENING — After 8.30 p.m.

c. The use of WASH BOILERS is permitted ONLY overnight from 10 p.m. to 7 a.m.

d. STORAGE WATER HEATERS may be switched on ONLY overnight between 10 p.m. and 6 a.m.

e. ELECTRIC IRONS may be used throughout the day except between 5 p.m. and 8.30 p.m.

f. REFRIGERATORS, radio sets, washing machines (without heating elements), vacuum cleaners and electro-therapy appliances are exempt from restrictions, as hitherto.

g. ELECTRIC RADIATORS AND OTHER SPACE-HEATING APPLIANCES may NOT be used.

2. IN PREMISES OTHER THAN RESIDENTIAL

a. For ADVERTISING and for the LIGHTING OF SHOP-WINDOWS and building facades, electricity may be used ONLY after 8.30 p.m.

b. ELECTRIC RADIATORS AND OTHER SPACE-HEATING APPLIANCES may NOT be used.